

"opinionway for

# In the DPO's Own Words: "Trends and Challenges beyond 2024"

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## **CEDPO DPO SURVEY: OVERVIEW**



Who completed our online questionnaire?

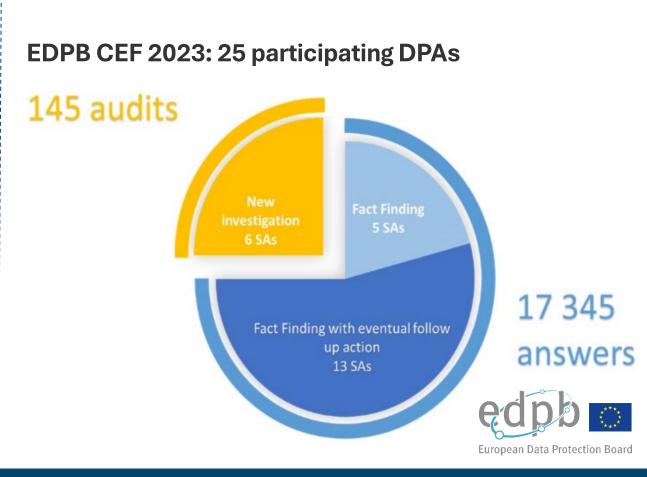
- **1,120 DPOs** completed CEDPO's online questionnaire
- German (42%) and French (36%) DPOs were the most active
- Organisations were split with small/medium (<500 employees = 46%) medium/large (>500 employees = 54%)→82% of the organisations were above 50 employees
- 69% of DPOs were from private organisations, 30% public sector
- Other than the public sector, DPOs work in Finance, IT/Technology/Defence, Agriculture/Industry/Transports and Commerce sectors
- Nearly half are a member of a CEDPO affiliate
- 72% DPOs are internal and 28% external (i.e. service contract)

# Who participated to the French and EDPB's studies?

- 3,625 respondents
- Majority of internal DPOs and internal shared DPOs
- Survey also makes a difference between organization size

MINISTÈRE DU TRAVAIL ET DE L'EMPLOI







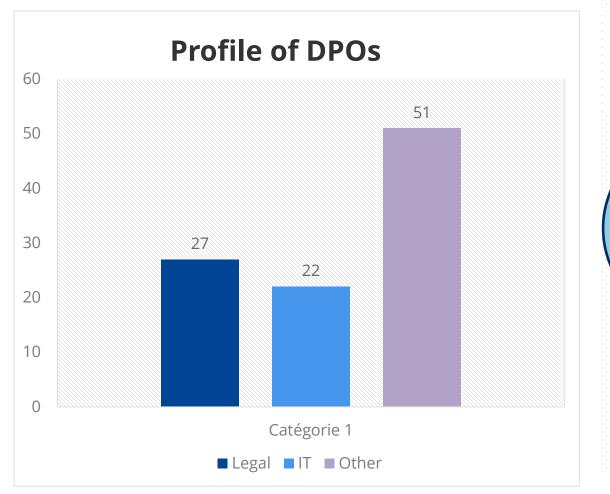
Liberté Égalité Fraternité



What are the<br/>role and<br/>position of the<br/>respondents of<br/>the CEDPO's<br/>survey?

- 21% DPOs are attached directly to the highest level of management with the remainder belonging to spread of function heads e.g. legal (21%), compliance (15%), or other areas
- DPOs are mostly data protection subject matter experts and also have expertise in other areas e.g. information security, business processes, specific legislation concerning their organisation's industry or field
- Respondents tend to be experienced DPOs (33% doing it for more than 8 years and 88% for more than 3 years)
- Nearly half of DPOs are acting as joint DPO on behalf of a group of undertakings or for several organisations
- Requirements for DPOs recruitment: expert knowledge of data protection regulation (63%) whereas DPO Certification (46%) or DPO Diploma (33%) are less used as requirements

#### **Role and position of the French survey & EDPB CEF**



#### EDPB CEF 2023

5+ years of experience as DPOs and in the field

DPOs have knowledge about information security





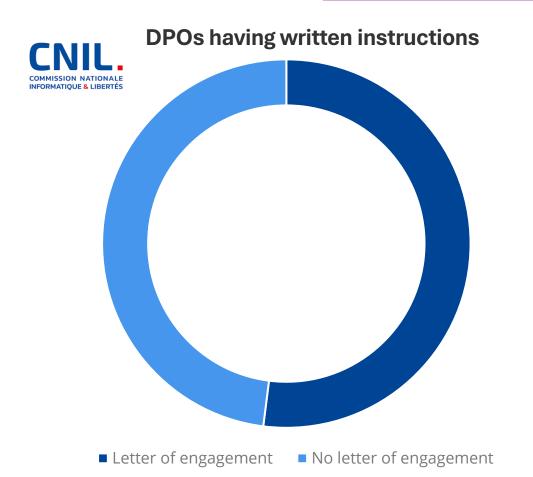


#### 22% of DPOs don't have a written description of their tasks

- Where their tasks have been written down (77%) almost a third report
  - that these are not shared with the rest of their organisation (29%)
  - the written tasks do not represent all of their tasks (32%)
- DPOs carry out their mandatory tasks under GDPR (art. 39(1), 38(3), 38(4) and 38(6))
- But many DPOs (86%) are involved in data protection tasks that are not required under the GDPR from DPOs, such as:
  - Drafting and <u>negotiating contracts</u>, such as DPAs (**63**%)
  - Fulfilment of data rights requests (62%)
  - <u>Developing data protection processes</u> (57%)
  - Drafting and carrying our data protection impact assessments (57%)
  - <u>Responsibility for the lawfulness</u> of the processing of personal data (28%)

# What challenges do DPOs face?

### **DPOs Challenges**



#### EDPB CEF 2023

- DPOs are not always tasked with all the GDPR-required responsbilities
- Lack of clearly defined and written description of DPOs' tasks
- Description not always communicated internally





What resources are given to DPOs?

- Only 42% of internal DPOs work exclusively on data protection tasks
- A third of internal DPOs allocate less than 50% of their working times to their DPO's tasks
- The resources given to DPOs are mostly "best guess" (53%) and prior experience – with few based on benchmarking with other organisations (6% only)
- 42% of DPOs work on their own with no support, 19% have one support person (FTE) and 19% have 2 FTE
- 45% of DPOs think this is sufficient with 55% needing more
- Only 24% have their own budget that they can manage – the average budget is €54k (but only 30% of the DPOs who have a budget answered to that question)
- Nearly half of the DPOs has no budget at all

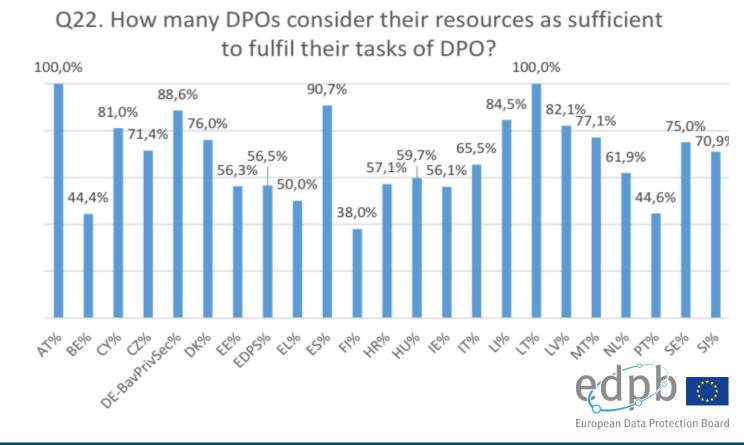


### **Resources of DPOs**



- Lack of time
- Lack of budget

#### **EDPB CEF 2023**





#### Understanding independence of DPOs

- Awareness of the DPO's independence among managers and clients is generally high (83% certainly or probably)
- Notable difference to this is in France, awareness of DPO's independence seems a little lower than the other countries (75%)
- 55% of DPOs considers that only some of the directors of the various departments they are interacting with are aware of their independence of the DPO
- DPOs' understanding of the extent of their independence is very high in all countries except France, where 31% reported that they do not have a clear understanding of their independence as a DPO



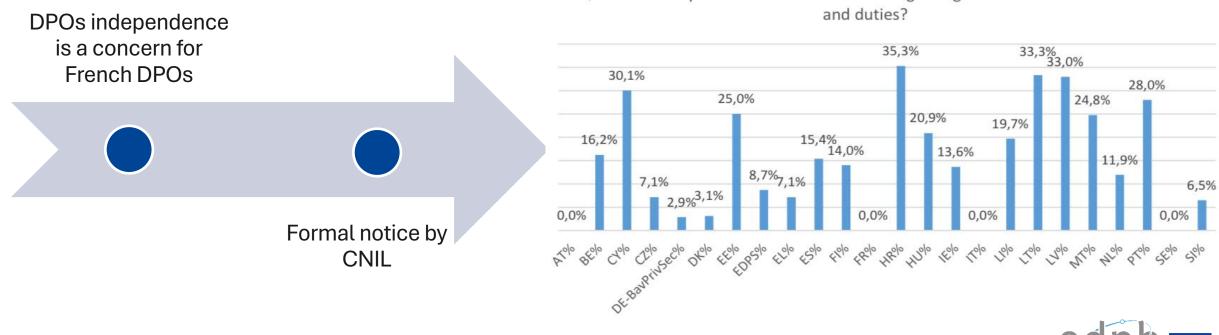


#### Understanding independence of DPOs

- Half of DPOs reported difficult working experiences such as:
  - 50% conflict with management and information manipulation
  - 47% operational & financial constraint
  - 41% management not leading by examples on GDPR compliance
  - Range of other issues role denigrated, inability to work on projects and access colleagues
- Only 33% of the respondents never experienced a situation where their independence were compromised
- DPOs were split on reporting a compromise of their independence to their regulator, 48% said they would and 50% said they would not
- 41% of the DPOs experienced situations where they had been concerned about their job (20%) or feared reactions or sanctions from their management (18%), received instructions from their management on how to handle a case, experienced threats and pressure targeted against them, etc.

### **Independence of DPOs**

#### **EDPB CEF 2023**



Q32. How many DPOs receive instructions regarding the exercise of their tasks

European Data Protection Board

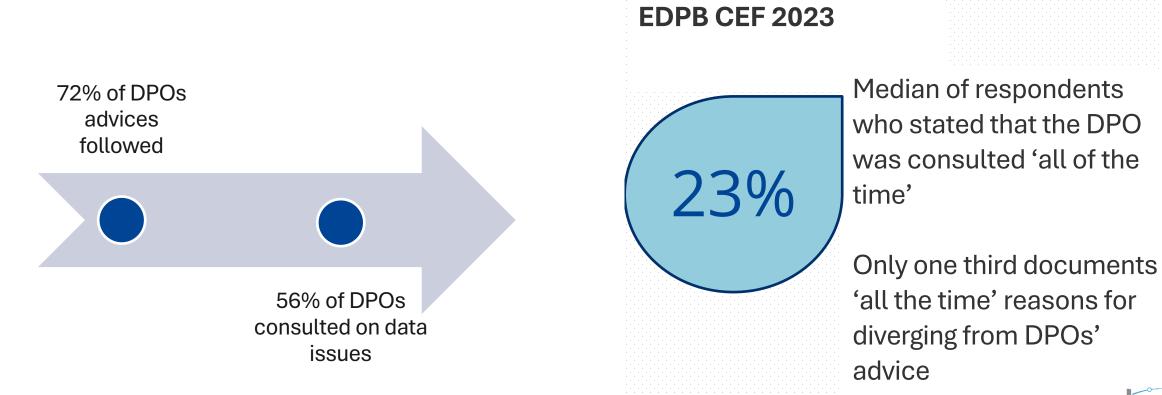




DPO involvement in data processing

- Only 15% of DPOs reported to be involved/consulted in the data protection issues of their organisation all the time (100% of the time)
- Nearly a third of them are involved/consulted only 50-74% of the time
- Consultation of the DPO is required by internal policies and processes (Yes = 89%)
- DPOs declare to have access to sufficient information to fulfil their tasks(Yes & sometimes = 98%)
- DPOs advice is mostly followed but not always (Yes, sometimes = 59%)
- Where the DPO's advice was not followed then the reason are rarely or not documented in 39% of cases

## **DPO involvement in data processing**





#### Governance

- DPOs are generally able to make reports to the highest level of management but this is only 1 or 2 tims a year (52%) with 16% saying that no reporting is necessary
- DPOs reported being able to freely contact the board or senior management (82%) but this was lower in France (73%) and Spain (63%)
- If the DPO had a dissenting opinion, then 68% could make this known to highest management directly but 26% had to clear it through a direct manager first.
   Again, both France (40%) and Spain (40%) reported this additional layer between them and the highest management level in a more significative extent

#### Governance









# Volumes of work

- DPOs reported that they received monthly 20 or less internal queries on data processing matters (75%) <sup>(94)</sup>
- Unsurprisingly, bigger organisations reported more internal requests
- Data subjects could contact DPOs and the vast majority do this by email (94%)
- The number of data subject contacts per month was reported as less than 10 times (62%)



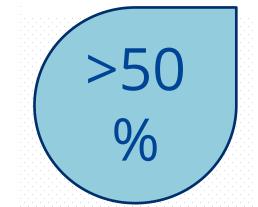
# Training & professional development

- The majority of DPO's underwent training within the previous 12 months: 42% received more than 9 hours.
   But 14% reported receiving none and this is highest in France (32%).
- 40% of DPOs are focussed solely on data protection, the majority of DPOs have other roles – legal & compliance (27%), IT or information security (17%) or audit (11%)
- 78% of DPOs rate their working conditions somehow compliant with GDPR, though only 21% feel they are fully compliant
- 87% of DPOs have opportunities for professional development and networking

### **Training & Professional development**



65% Training needs expressed



**EDPB CEF 2023** 

Strong majority of DPOs receiving 24 hours or less of training a year (median)





# Working life of the DPO

- A majority of DPOs consider that it is a stressful job (65%), but the majority reported that this stress did not impact their mental health (59%) or physical health (73%)
- But a significant minority did report impact on their mental health (37%) and physical health (25%)
- This was supported by 41% of respondents saying the job should not be as stressful as it is
- DPOs reported that it is challenging to keep up-to-date with data protection laws, guidance and case law, with 84% agreeing that it is sometimes or often difficult
- Small majority had the knowledge needed (61%) but 38% did not
- Most felt they reported to the correct person (77%)
- Most felt supported by their manager (25% sometimes and 57% often)



# Overall job satisfaction



- Not surprisingly, overall job satisfaction was split among DPOs (scale of 1 to 10)
  - o 66% rated themselves satisfied at 7 or higher
  - $\,\circ\,$  14% rated themselves at 5 to 6
  - $\,\circ\,$  14% were not satisfied at 4 or lower
- French DPOs seems less satisfied than their counterparts in other countries

#### **Overall job satisfaction**

#### 54% of DPOs satisfied with their work







# Support & Protection of DPOs

- Only 22% of DPOs felt that the current GDPR provided sufficient protection, but this was strongest in Germany (39%) and much weaker in other countries
- Of the alternatives presented:
  - 40% favoured data protection authorities leading by taking actions with employers
  - 36% favoured either specific legal protection for DPOs or going as far as making the DPO a protected employee



#### Actions that DPAs should consider from DPOs point of view:

- 45% wanted DPAs to send a formal letter to the organisation appointing a DPO setting out the specific requirements of the role of the DPO
- 32% wanted DPAs to include a systematic review of the working conditions to be included in DPA inspections
- 29% wanted the EDPB to update and enhance their guidelines on DPO
- 28% wanted DPA to impose public penalties on employers for non-compliance on DPO roles
- 24% wanted the DPAs to carry out a number of checks when notified of an appointment of a DPO
- German DPOs had less than average support for these suggestions and if the German responses had been excluded then the % of DPOs in favour would be much higher

# Support & protection of DPOs

# **Support & Protection of DPOs**



#### **Action Plan for DPOs**

#### **DPAs inspections**

# Checks by DPAs vs appointement of DPOs

#### **EDPB CEF 2023**

#### Recommendations for controllers/processors -Promote DPOs internally, improve its involvement -Formalise duties in an engagement letter -Review tasks, resources and workload of DPOs

#### **Recommendations for DPOs**

-Gather evidence in case of interference with independence

-Advocate for direct access to the highest level of management

#### **Recommendations for DPAs/EDPB**

-Further guidance (e.g. reporting)
-Awareness and enforcement actions
-Involve the DPO structurally to promote its role

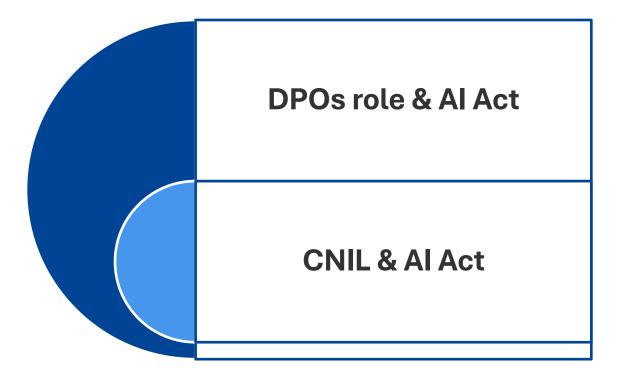


#### CEDPO CONFEDERATION OF EUROPEAN DATA PROTECTION ORGANISATIONS

# Future roles of the DPO

- Many DPOs believe that DPOs should oversee the implementation of EU legislation like the Data Act and Al Act (72%) but a significant number (28%) are not involved in this area or only partially (47%)
- DPOs are mainly in favour of the evolution of the DPO into a Data Governance Officer, with 59% in favour and 39% against
- 64% of DPOs expected the new EU legislation (Data Act, DGA, AI Act, etc.) to make a reference to the role of the DPO

## **Future Role of DPOs**



#### **EDPB CEF 2023**

 Recommendations to EDPB to update guidelines on DPOs, taking into account the new EU legislation and the identified challenges







# **CEDPO DPO Survey: Additional Insights**

#### Context



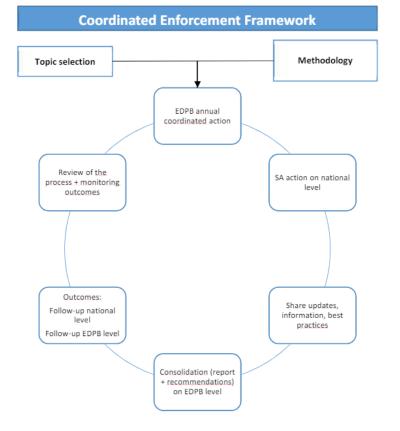


Launch of the EDPB's coordinated enforcement on role of data protection officers in 2023. 26 Data Protection Authorities (DPA) across the EEA (including EDPS) took part in the CEF 2023.


The EDPB established a questionnaire to assess whether DPOs are correctly appointed in accordance with Articles 37-39 of the GDPR and whether they have the necessary resources to fulfil their tasks.



Although the questionnaire was identical, the national DPAs used various methods to collect this information and targeted different groups (DPOs or controllers).



#### **CEDPO Objectives**

**CEDPO welcomed the EDPB's initiative and decided to** establish a working group dedicated to DPOs' role. The Working group issued recommendations to help organisations respond to the EDPB questionnaire in May 2023.



CEDPO wanted to support the EDPB in its endeavour to collect valuable insights into the profile, position and work of DPOs. That's why CEDPO launched its own questionnaire, based on the EDPB's, but with additional original questions that seemed relevant to the DPO community.



The responses to the questionnaire will now guide CEDPO's direction, based on the challenges and interests of the DPO community. The aim is to represent them to authorities and legislators, and to be a strong advocate by bringing solutions to the challenges faced by DPOs.



#### **CEDPO Questionnaire**



Time efficient: 60 questions - 30 minutes



**Anonymity guaranteed** allowing DPOs to speak freely and encouraging honest and candid feedback



For DPOs, By DPOs: Crafted from our shared experiences and designed for our collective benefit.

•••

**Multilingual:** Available in 5 languages, French, English, Spanish, Italian and German





#### Methodology



Study carried out on a sample of **1,120 DPO or Responsible** for privacy and data protection



The samples were interrogated online on **CAWI system** (Computer Assisted Web Interview).



Fieldwork carried out **between April 30th and May 21st** 2024.



OpinionWay carried out this survey by applying the procedures and rules of **ISO 20252** 

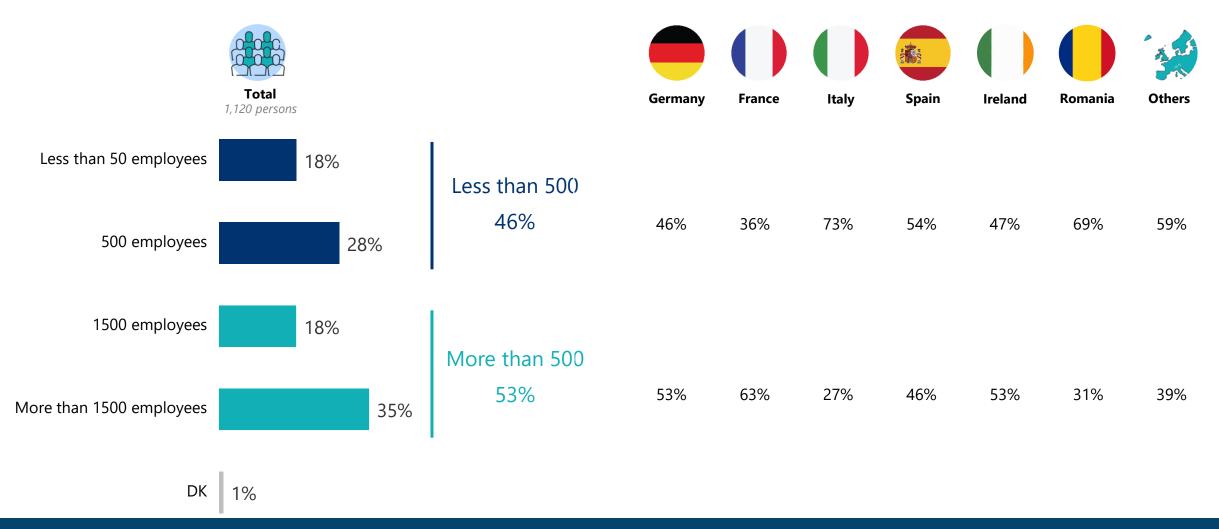




#### DPO Profile and Organizational Context

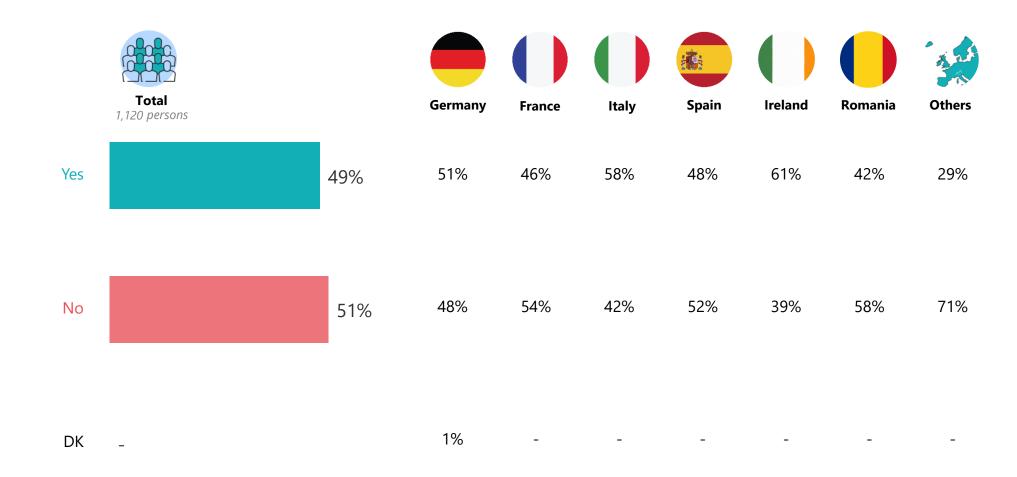
#### **Company size**

#### **Q**. What is the size of the organization for which you are DPO?



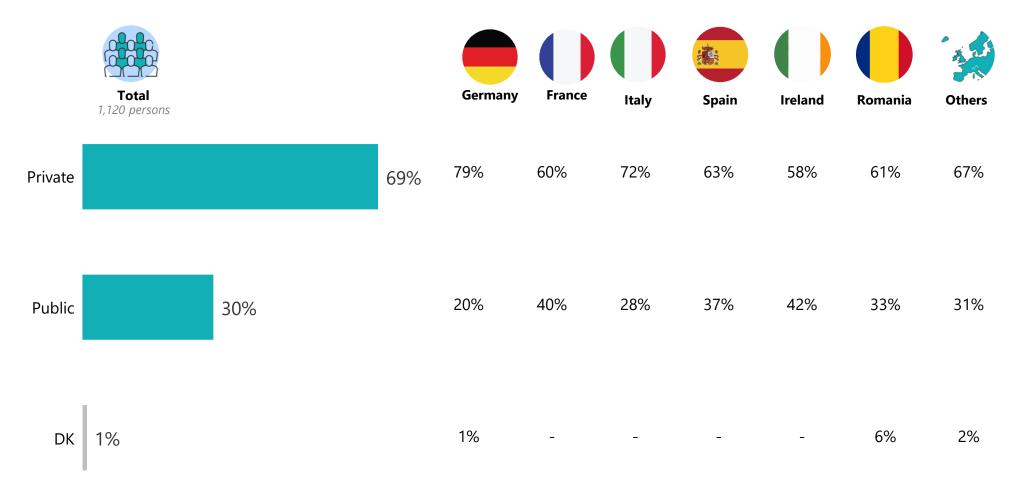
#### **Affiliation with CEDPO**

**Q.** Are you, or your organization, a member of a body affiliated with CEDPO (Confederation of European Data Protection Organizations)?



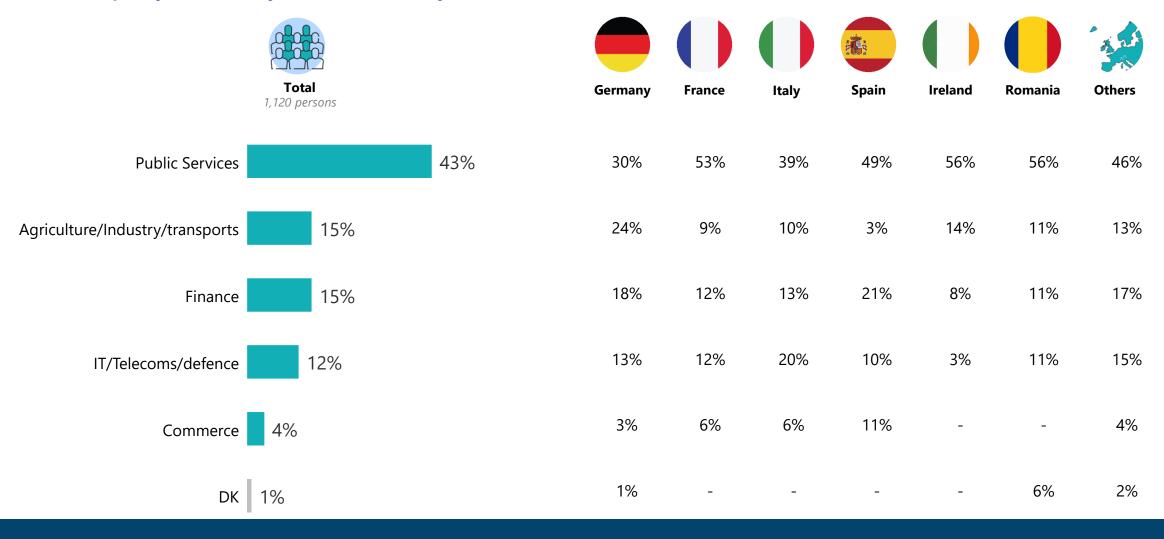
# **Type of organization**

#### Q. What type of organization are you DPO for?





#### Q. Please specify the industry/ sector for which you are DPO:

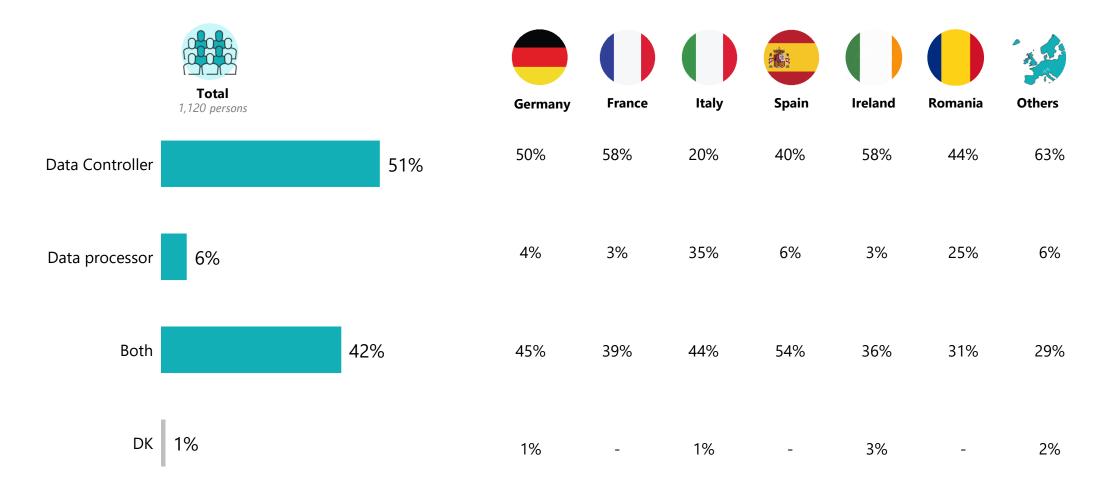




# Role, Responsibilities, and Experience

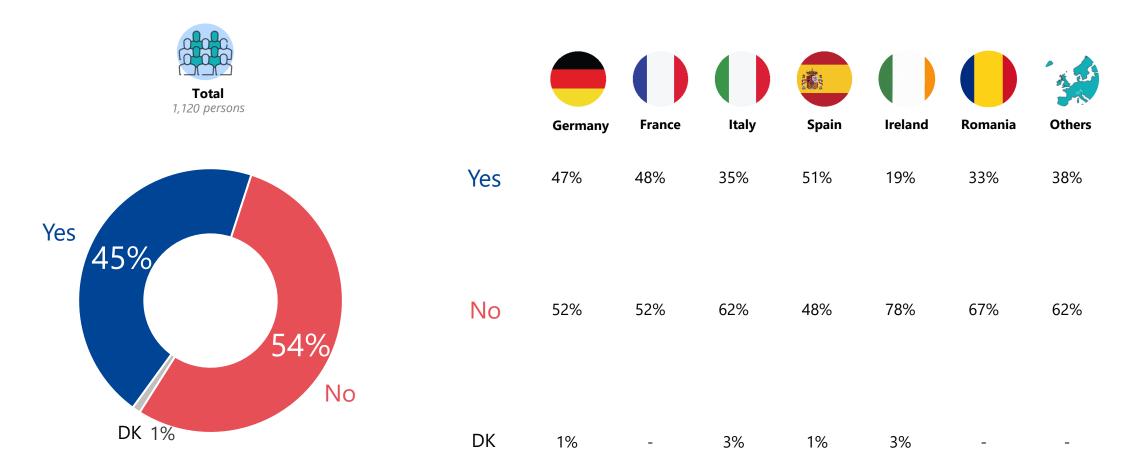
# **Role within the company**

**Q**. What is the role of your organization (the one which justified the appointment of a DPO) in the processing of personal data?



### **Role as DPO**

Q. As a DPO, do you act as a joint DPO on behalf of a group of undertakings or for several public authorities or bodies? (Art. 37(2) and 37(3) GDPR)



### **DPO externalization**

Q. Are you an internal DPO (a staff member of the organization), or are you acting on the basis of a service contract (external DPO)? (Art. 37(6) GDPR)

		Size of org	ganization	Industrie/Sector					Type of or	ganisation
	TOTAL	Less than 500	More than 500	Agriculture/ Industry/ Transports	IT/Telecoms/ defence	Finance	Public Services	Commerce	Public	Private
A staff member (internal DPO)	72%	53%	88%	76%	66%	60%	77%	73%	83%	67%
A service contract-based role (external DPO)	28%	<b>46</b> %	12%	24%	34%	40%	23%	25%	17%	33%

		Rol	e of organizat	ion	Role		Role		Role		Internal or external		Affiliation with CEDPO	
	TOTAL	Data controller	Sub- contractor	Both	DPO	Responsible for privacy and data protection	Internal	External	Yes	No				
A staff member (internal DPO)	72%	73%	57%	74%	71%	78%	100%	-	68%	75%				
A service contract-based role (external DPO)	28%	27%	43%	26%	29%	19%	-	100%	31%	25%				

# **Attachment to a department**

### **Q. If you are an internally appointed DPO, are you attached to a specific department?** *Question only asked to internally appointed DPOs, 72% of the overall sample*

<b>Total</b> 804 persons	Germany	France	Italy	Spain	Ireland	Romania	Others
Total Yes: 95%	<b>91%</b>	100%	100%	100%	100%	80%	100%
Yes, highest management 21%	9%	30%	29%	33%	17%	15%	31%
Yes, legal function 21%	23%	22%	8%	25%	18%	15%	17%
Yes, compliance function 15%	18%	11%	13%	14%	31%	15%	23%
Yes, IT or information security function 6%	9%	3%	21%	8%	4%	-	3%
Yes, administrative management 🗾 5%	8%	1%	8%	6%	4%	10%	11%
Yes, information management 🗾 5%	2%	9%	-	-	4%	10%	-
Yes, risk management 🗾 4%	2%	7%	-	-	9%	5%	3%
Yes, human resources 🗧 2%	2%	1%	8%	3%	-	5%	-
Other 16%	18%	16%	13%	11%	13%	5%	12%
I do not wish to answer/DK 5%	9%	-	-	-	-	20%	-

#### **OpinionWay for CEDPO**

### **Expertise**

#### Q. As a DPO, in which of the following topics do you have experience or expert knowledge? (Art. 37(5) GDPR)

	<b>Total</b> 1,120 persons	Germany	France	Italy	Spain	Ireland	Romania	Others
Data protection and privacy matters	86%	91%	80%	87%	94%	94%	61%	83%
Legislation on the processing and the protection of personal data	85%	93%	77%	82%	92%	81%	72%	85%
Data protection processes (e.g. DPIA, Data Subject Request, Data Breach Notification)	77%	82%	75%	72%	54%	89%	67%	81%
Guidelines of the supervisory authorities on the processing of personal data	63%	72%	50%	66%	76%	78%	39%	67%
Information security matters	59%	67%	53%	54%	56%	42%	39%	56%
Business processes of the organization's industry or field	57%	64%	49%	66%	38%	72%	39%	69%
Specific legislation concerning the organization's industry or field	49%	54%	41%	58%	56%	47%	44%	58%
Information systems management and/or development	37%	43%	31%	37%	32%	42%	28%	33%
Other/DK	6%	4%	7%	5%	6%	3%	12%	10%

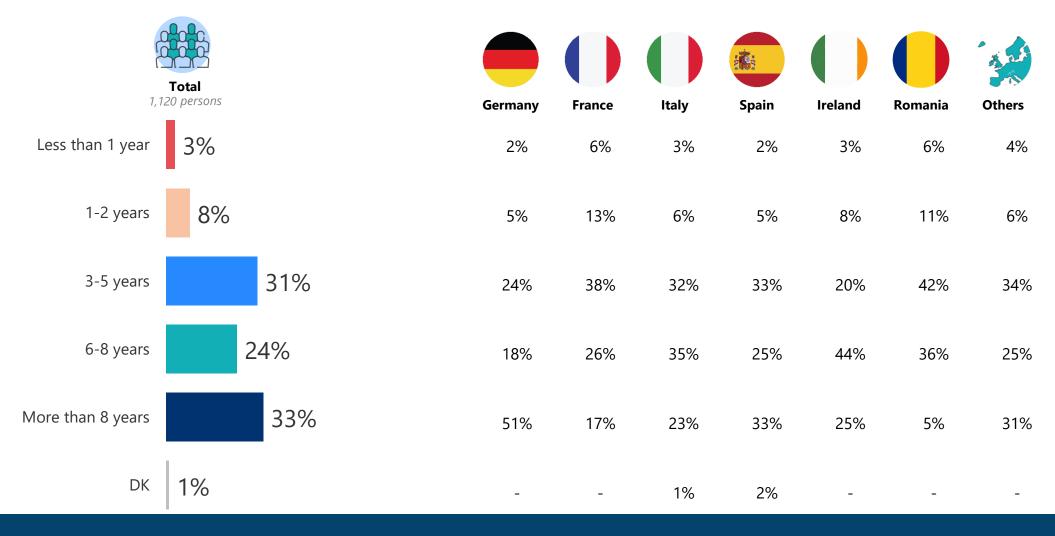
### **Areas of education**

#### Q. As a DPO, which of the following areas of education and / or knowledge were set as requirements for your role?

	<b>Total</b> 1,120 persons		Germany	France	Italy	Spain	Ireland	Romania	Others
Expert knowledge of data protection regulation		63%	65%	58%	76%	71%	69%	42%	67%
Expert knowledge of data protection practices		54%	54%	51%	62%	59%	64%	39%	63%
Ability to fulfil the tasks pursuant to the GDPR		51%	30%	67%	75%	65%	64%	50%	63%
Expert knowledge of data protection requirements stemming from special legislation applicable to the organization's industry or field		48%	72%	27%	48%	33%	22%	31%	42%
DPO certification		46%	69%	20%	46%	30%	56%	61%	35%
DPO Diploma	33%		56%	14%	10%	21%	25%	47%	15%
IT skills	30%		27%	33%	38%	21%	14%	25%	42%
Other/DK	5%		6%	6%	4%	5%	6%	3%	8%
No particular expertise on data protection, but the designation was compulsory	7%		4%	12%	4%	3%	8%	-	4%

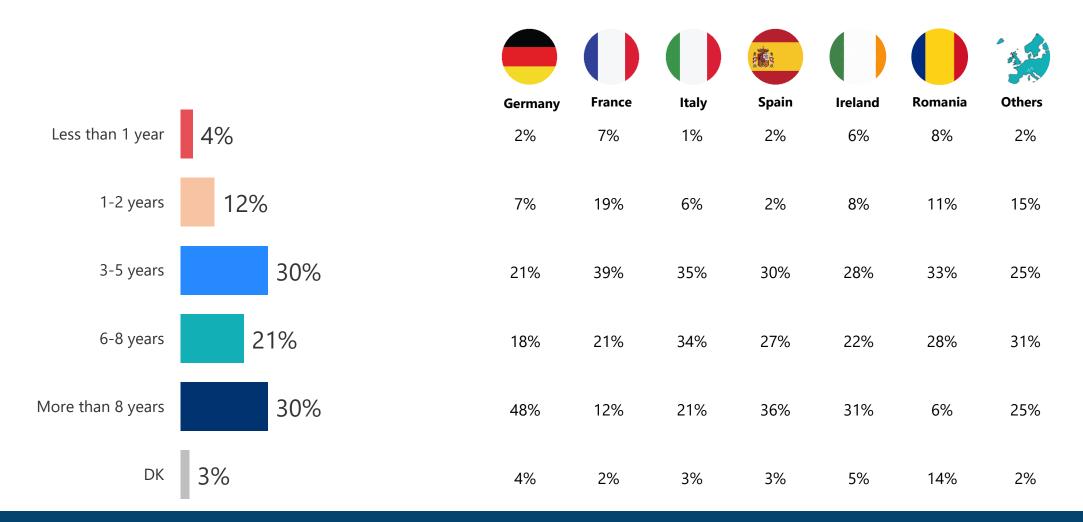
# **Seniority** as a **DPO**

Q. How many years of experience do you have as DPO on the application and the interpretation of data protection requirements?



# Seniority as a DPO in the organization's industry

Q. How many years of relevant experience do you have as DPO on working in the organization's industry or field? (Art. 37(5) GDPR)

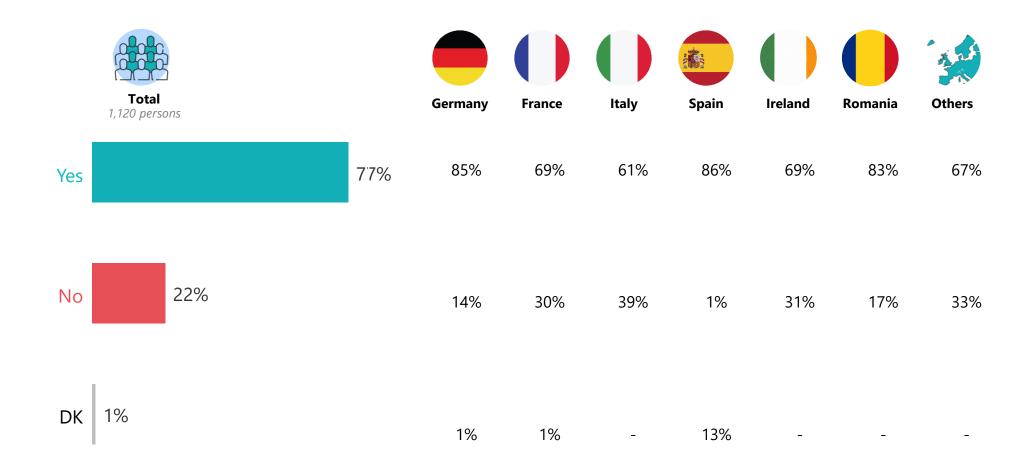




# **Operational Details and Challenges**

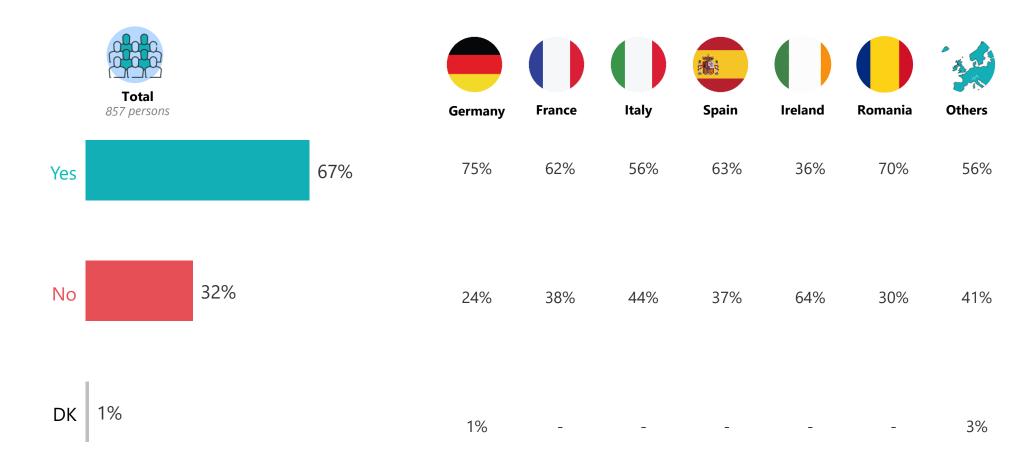
# Written description of the DPO's tasks

Q. Is there a clear written description of your tasks as DPO between you and your organization (e.g. engagement letter)? (Art. 39(1) and 38(6) GDPR)



# **Exhaustive description of the DPO's tasks**

**Q.** Does the written description of your tasks as DPO cover all your actual tasks in the organization? *Question only asked to those who have a written description of their tasks, 77% of the overall sample* 



### **Detailed tasks of the DPO**

#### Q. Which of the following tasks are assigned to you, as DPO of the organization? (Art. 39(1), 38(3), 38(4) and 38(6) GDPR)



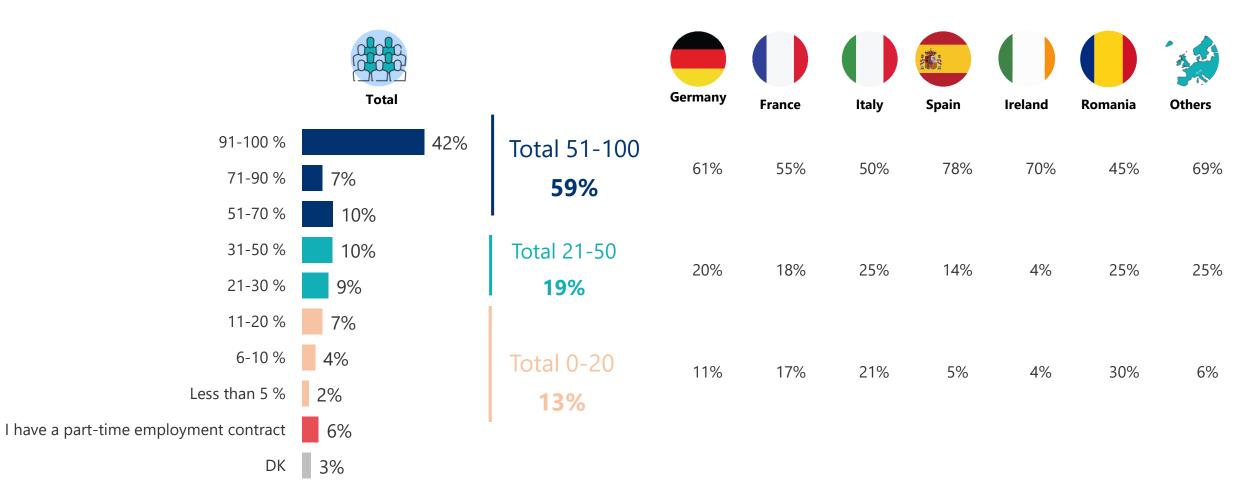
# **Additional tasks**

Q. Have additional tasks been assigned to you, as DPO, compared to those required under the GDPR? If so, please specify, which of the following tasks.

	<b>Total</b> 1,120 persons	Germany	France	Italy	Spain	Ireland	Romania	Others
	Total Yes 86%	81%	<b>92</b> %	75%	89%	<b>92%</b>	78%	94%
Yes, drafting and/or negotiating contracts (e.g., data processing agreements)	63%	58%	73%	45%	63%	64%	44%	73%
Yes, fulfilling the data subjects' requests on their data protection rights	62%	56%	76%	35%	65%	67%	14%	75%
Yes, developing the organization's data protection processes	57%	54%	64%	39%	48%	69%	56%	69%
Yes, drafting and/or carrying out data protection impact assessments	57%	47%	71%	48%	59%	64%	33%	58%
Yes, responsibility for the lawfulness of the processing of personal data	28%	20%	34%	14%	44%	42%	39%	38%
Yes	9%	7%	12%	6%	6%	22%	3%	6%
No	13%	17%	6%	20%	11%	8%	22%	6%
DK	2%	2%	1%	6%	-	-	-	-

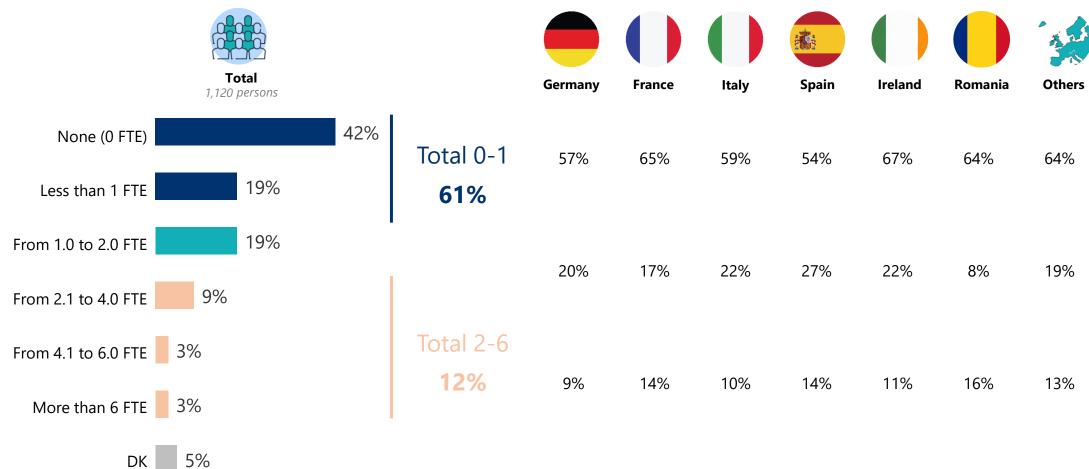
# Working time allocated to DPO's tasks and duties

Q. If you are an internal DPO and are in full-time employment, only part of which is dedicated to your DPO tasks, how much of your working time can you allocate to performing the DPO's tasks and duties? *Question only asked to internal DPOs, 72% of the overall sample* 



### **Extra FTEs to fulfill DPO's tasks**

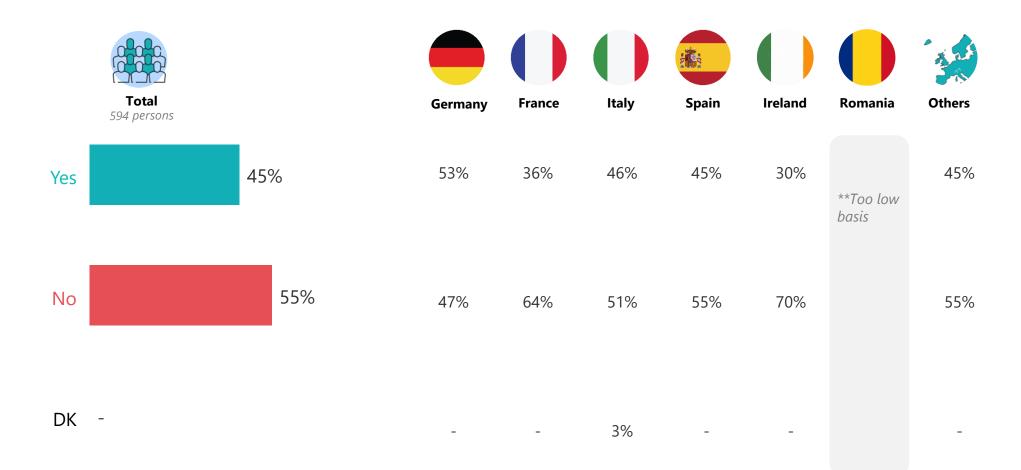
Q. How many full-time equivalents (FTE) do you have as DPO at your disposal in fulfilling your tasks as a DPO in addition to yourself? (Art. 38(2) GDPR)



DK

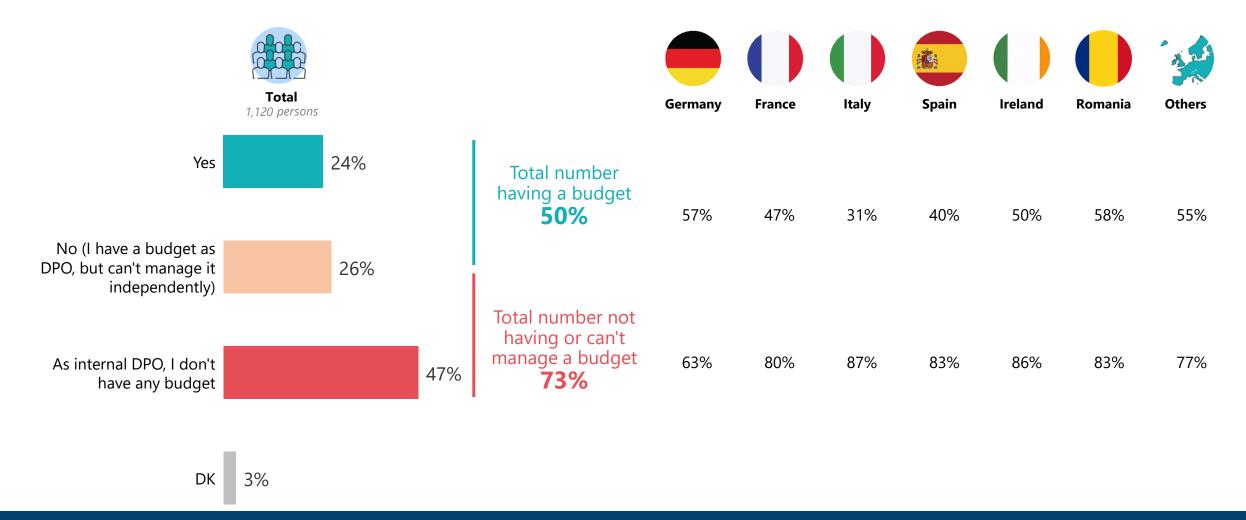
# **Resources adequacy to fulfill DPO's tasks**

**Q. Would you estimate the aforementioned resources to be sufficient in order to fulfil your tasks as a DPO? (Art. 38(2) GDPR)** *Question only asked to those with collaborators appointed to support them, 53% of the overall sample* 



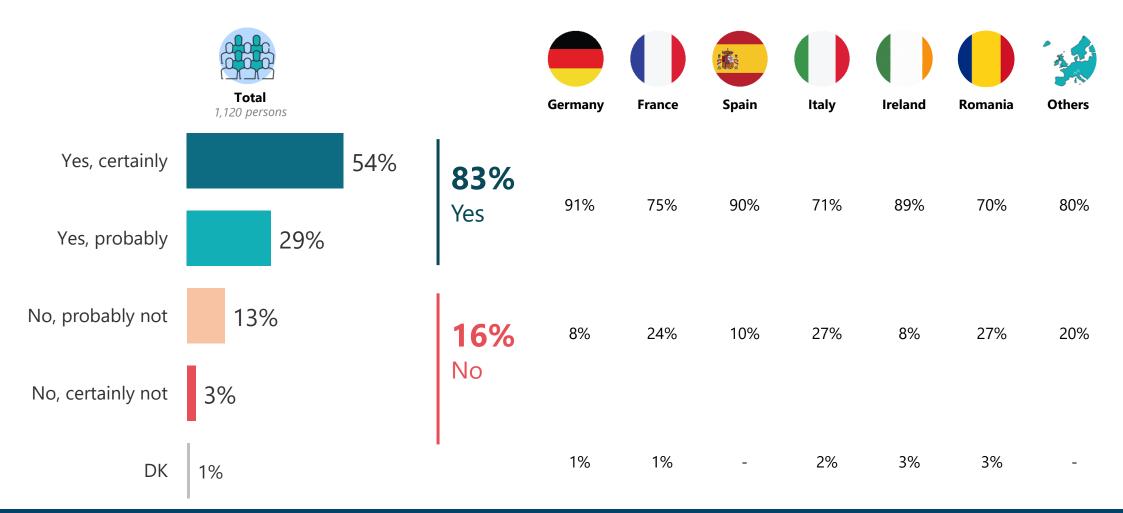
### **Budget dedicated to the DPOs**

#### Q. If your organization has allocated a budget to you, as a DPO, can you manage it independently?



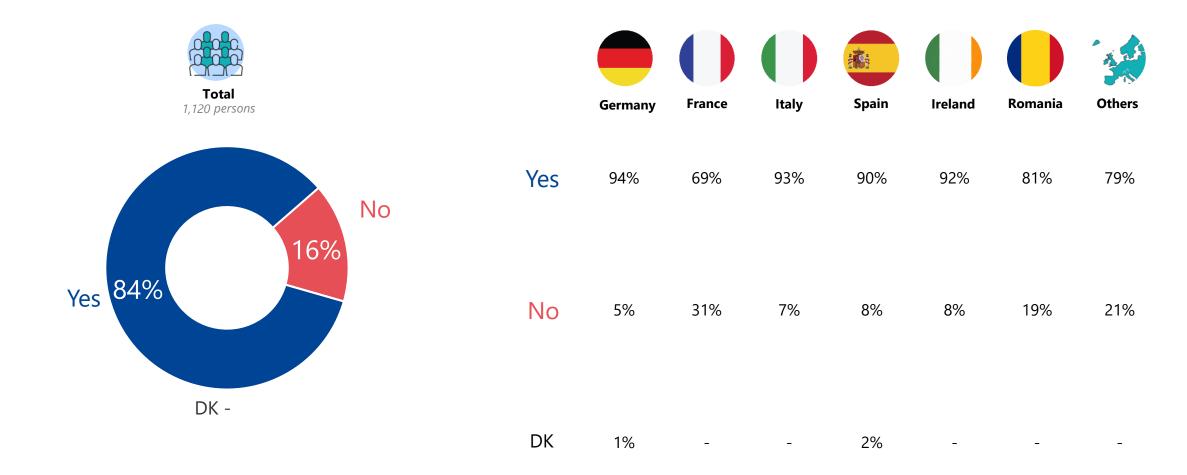
# **Awareness of the DPO's independence**

Q. Is your management or hierarchy (if you are an internal DPO) or your client (if you are an external DPO) aware of the requirement for you - as a DPO - to be independent in your tasks?



# **Understanding of the independence extension**

Q. Do you have a clear understanding of the extent of your independence as a DPO?



# **Situations experienced**

<b>Q.</b> As a DPO, have you experienced any of these following situations? Several answers allowed								A RA
	Ge	ermany	France	Italy	Spain	Ireland	Romania	Others
Conflict with management and information manipulation	50%	51%	50%	44%	41%	61%	50%	56%
Total 1,120 persons Operational and financial constraints		43%	48%	58%	73%	50%	39%	46%
Access and communication restrictions 24		25%	22%	20%	24%	22%	31%	23%
Management does not lead by example on GDPR compliance		41%	40%	37%	37%	47%	31%	50%
Not granted any budget	36%	34%	35%	46%	40%	36%	36%	35%
25 Your role, as a DPO, is often denigrated	%	23%	28%	18%	17%	19%	31%	35%
Management undermines your action and minimizes your role, as a DPO	0	21%	18%	18%	21%	28%	39%	33%
Prevented from working on a just-discovered non-compliant project <b>1</b> 6%		14%	15%	4%	59%	6%	11%	8%
Denied possibility to meet operational staff for mission-essential details 💻 11%		14%	6%	8%	13%	11%	22%	6%
Been requested to cut your budget significantly 📕 11%		12%	10%	11%	10%	11%	3%	10%
Prevented from attending training courses or events to maintain your data protection knowledge 🛛 📕 8%		5%	11%	7%	8%	11%	6%	15%
Prohibited from seeking Data Protection Authority advice or even contacting it 📕 6%		8%	5%	6%	5%	8%	6%	4%
Staff is denied to freely contact you, as a DPO 📕 5%		7%	2%	3%	6%	-	6%	4%
Found your data breach advice note to have been altered by the management without notification $\;$ $\!$ 4%		6%	3%	-	5%	-	11%	8%
Pressured by group's head DPO not to share a disagreeable analysis 📕 4%		4%	4%	-	8%	8%	8%	8%
Moved from accessible office to a restricted area 📕 3%		2%	6%	-	5%	6%	-	-
Forced to conduct an audit prior to recommended actions 📕 3%		1%	5%	-	8%	-	3%	6%
Forbidden from contacting a data processor's DPO for information   2%		2%	3%	-	5%	-	-	-
Found your negative impact assessment changed to positive during your leave, under your name $\mid$ 1%		1%	1%	-	2%	-	6%	-
I have never experienced any of these situations	3%	34%	34%	28%	22%	31%	<b>36</b> %	<b>29</b> %
DK   2%		2%	2%	1%	3%	-	-	_

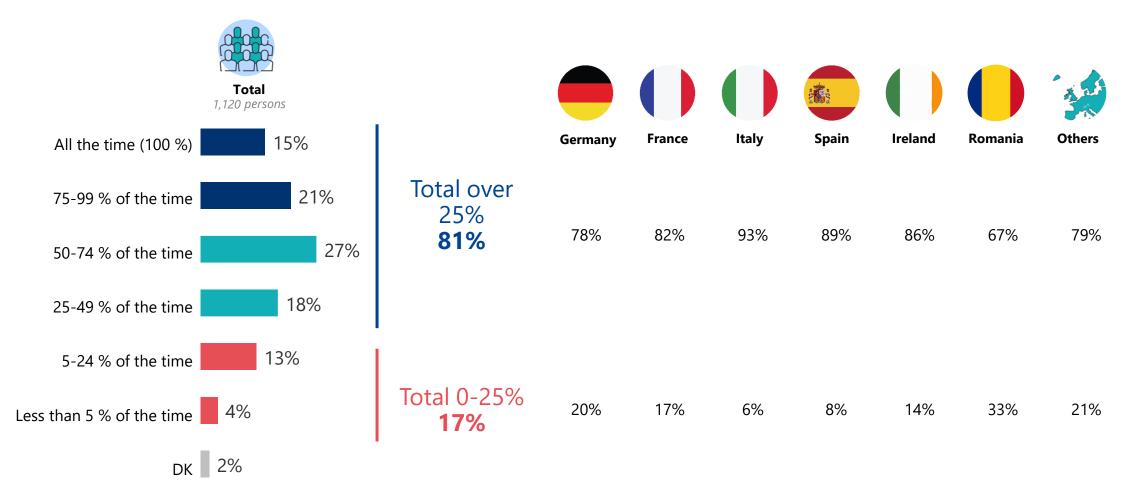
# **Situations experienced**

### **Q.** Have you experienced any of the following situations? *Several answers allowed*

									A AA
1,	<b>Total</b> 120 persons		Germany	France	Italy	Spain	Ireland	Romania	Others
You have been worried about your future in your organization because of your action as a DPO	20%		22%	19%	11%	27%	14%	17%	35%
You have been afraid of a bad reaction from management (or even a sanction)	18%		17%	20%	8%	17%	28%	19%	29%
You received "instructions" from the management of your organization on how to handle a case (and the results you are asked to achieve)	18%		15%	19%	21%	17%	28%	25%	33%
The management of your organization has tried to undermine your independence as DPO	15%		15%	12%	14%	19%	25%	22%	21%
You have experienced threats and pressure targeted against you	9%		13%	5%	6%	6%	8%	8%	8%
You have been penalized or (e.g. in terms of obtaining professional benefits or career advancement) by your organization for performing your duties	6%		6%	7%	4%	3%	17%	-	6%
You never experienced any of these situations		57%	57%	60%	63%	54%	50%	56%	40%
DK	2%		1%	2%	3%	6%	3%	_	_

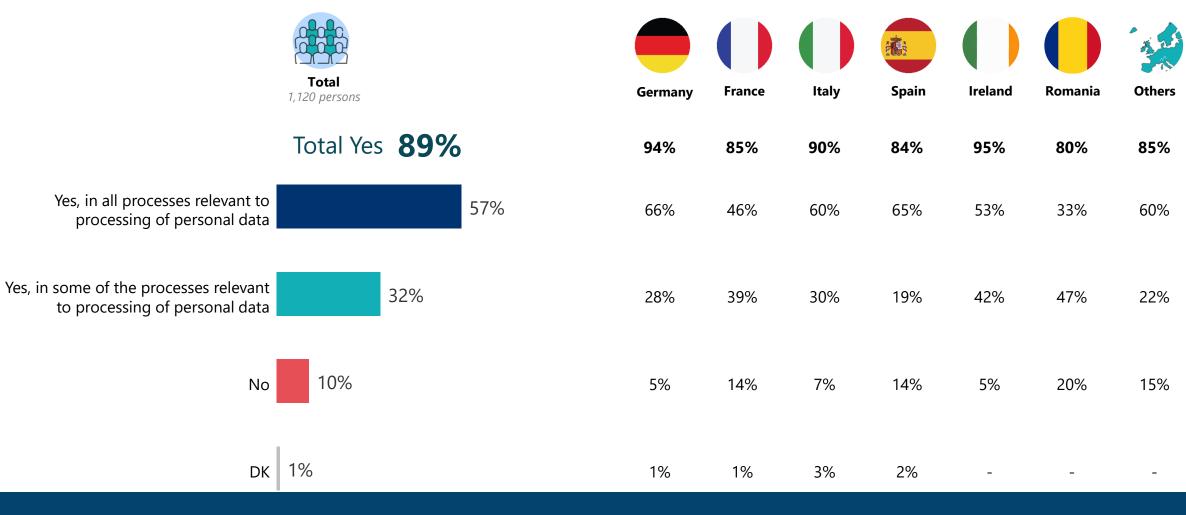
# Involvement in the processing and protection of personal data

Q. To what extent are you involved as a DPO and/or consulted in handling and solving issues relating to the processing and protection of personal data in the organization? (Art. 38(1) GDPR)



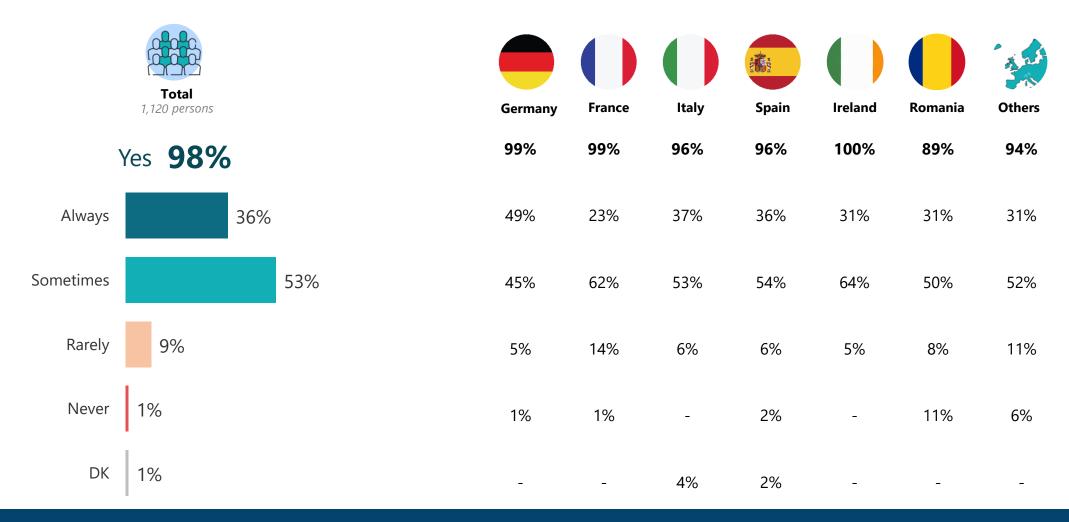
# **Processes related to the consultation of the DPO about GDPR**

Q. Are you, as a DPO, required to be consulted on data protection issues (e.g. personal data breaches) as part of the organisation's internal processes?"



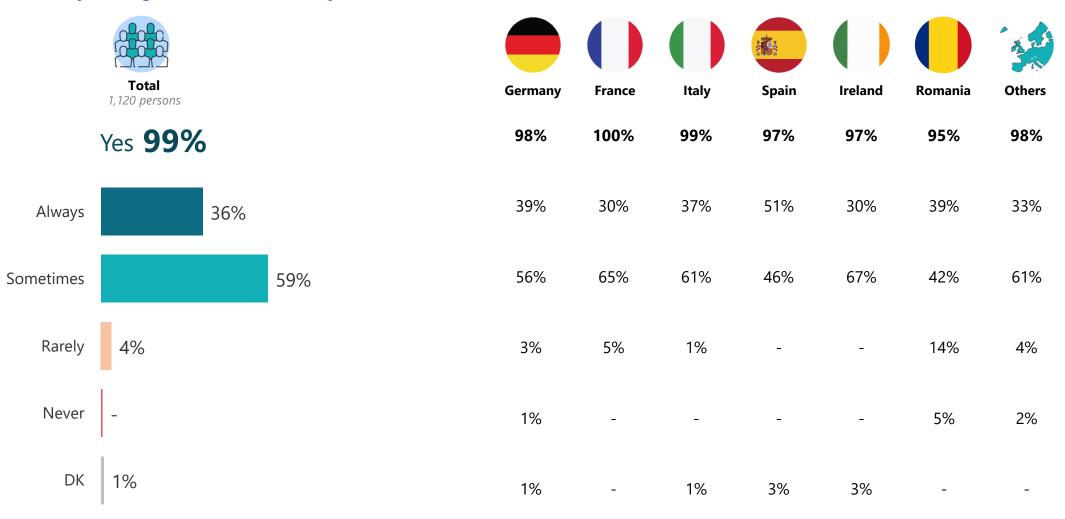
# Level of information related to GDPR

Q. As a DPO, do you have access to or receive sufficient information on data protection issues and processing of personal data in the organization to be able to fulfil your tasks? (Art. 38(1) and 38(2) GDPR)



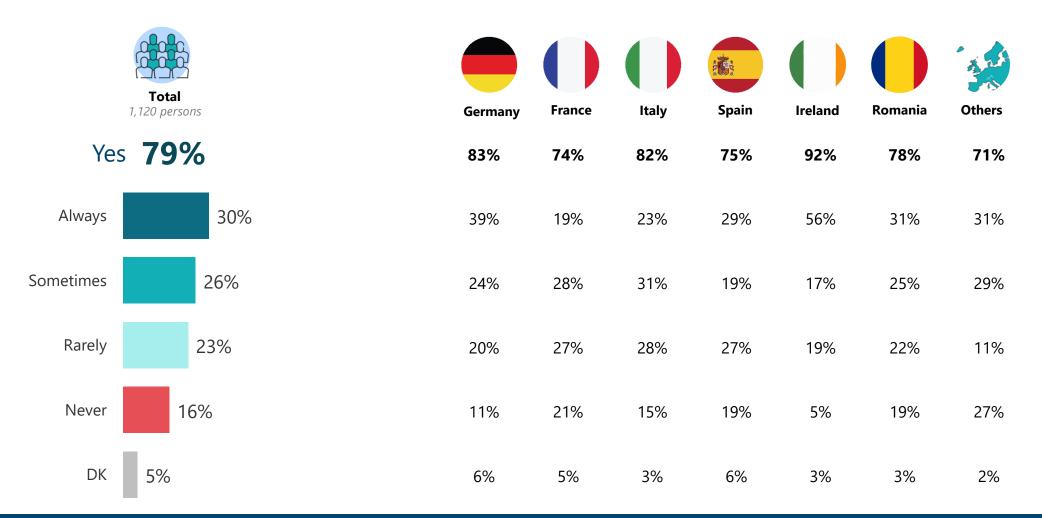
# **Agreement with DPO advice**

#### Q. As a DPO, does your organization adhere to your advice? (Art. 38(1) and 39 GDPR)



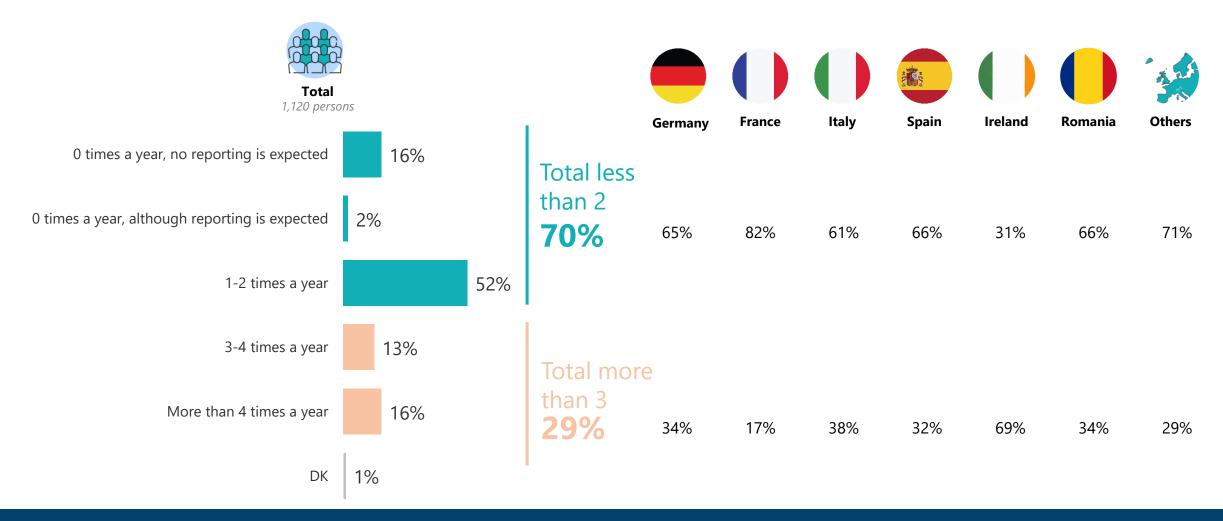
### **Documentation of the decision to not follow the DPO advice**

Q. In cases where your advice (as a DPO) is not followed by the organization, are the reasons documented? (Art. 38(1) GDPR)



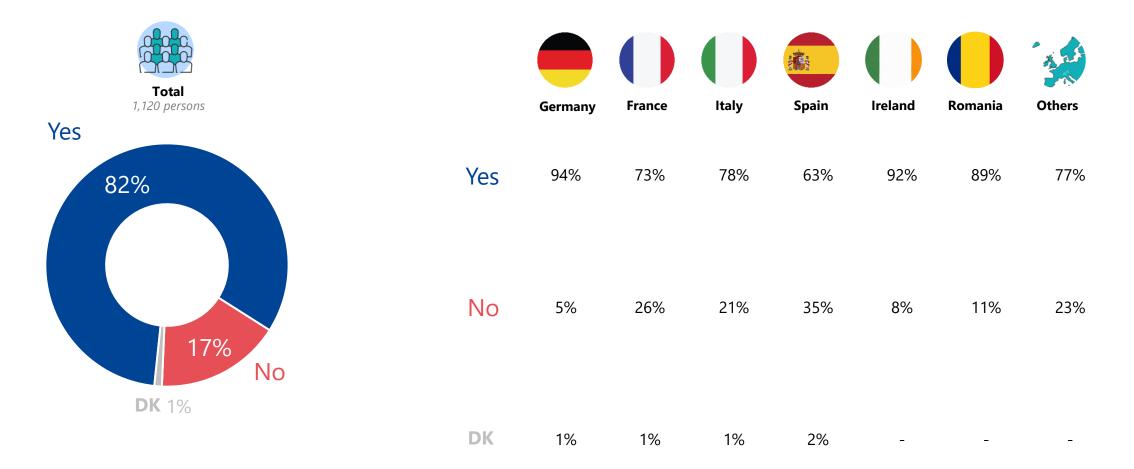
# **Reporting to top management**

Q. As a DPO, do you report regularly and formally to the highest management level in the organization? If so, how frequently? (Art. 38(3) GDPR)



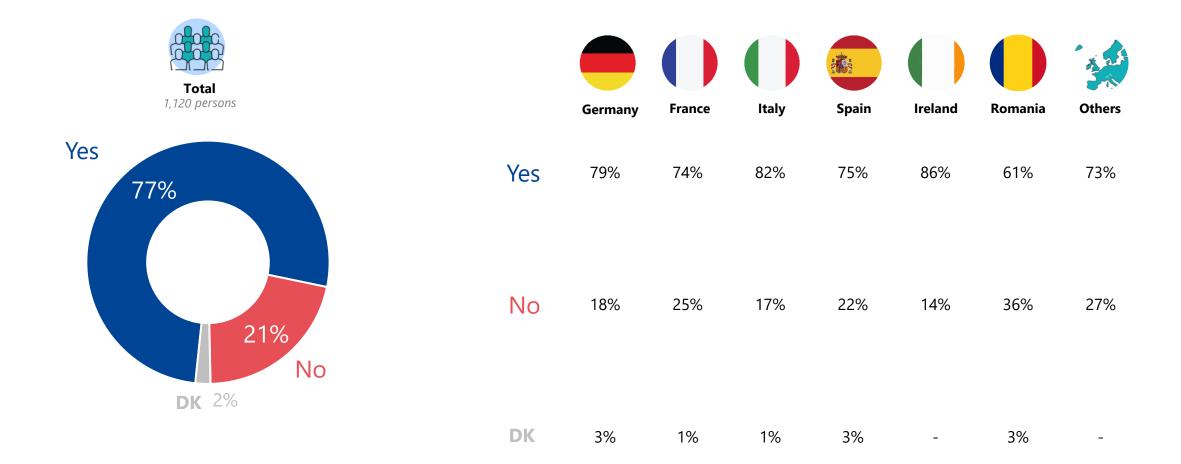
### Ease of access to the board

Q. As DPO, can you freely contact the board or senior management?



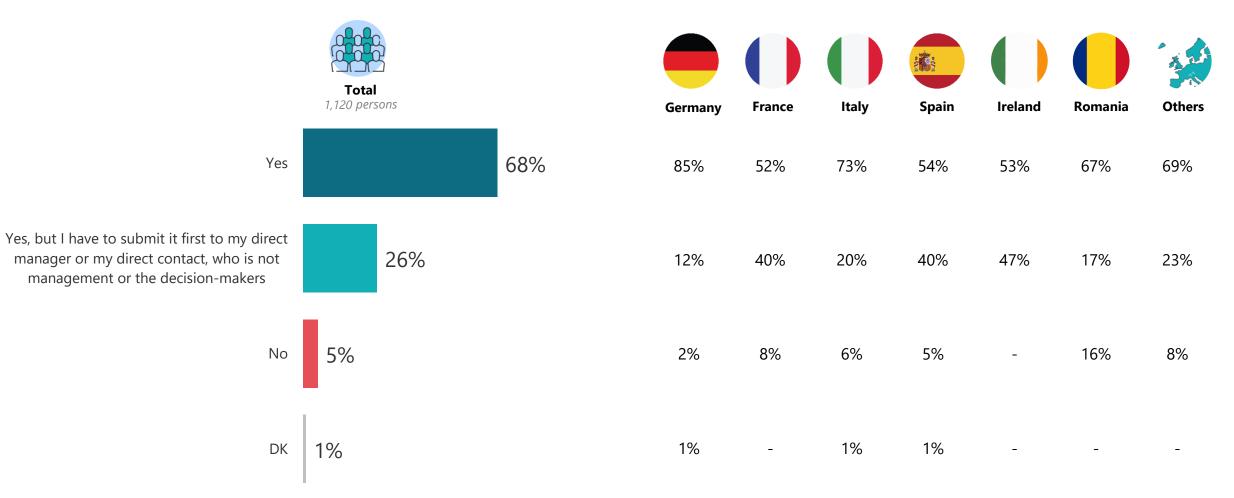
# **Reporting conditions**

Q. As a DPO, do you believe that you are reporting into the correct department or people to facilitate your role?



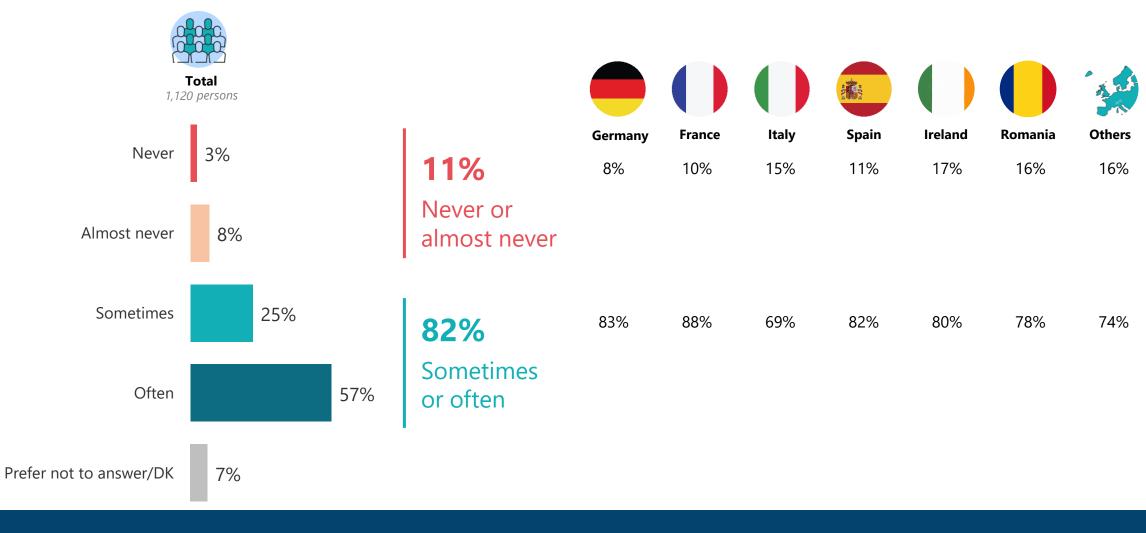
# **Opportunities to express one's disagreement**

Q. As DPO, do you have the opportunity to make your dissenting opinion clear to the highest level of management and to the decisionmakers on data protection?



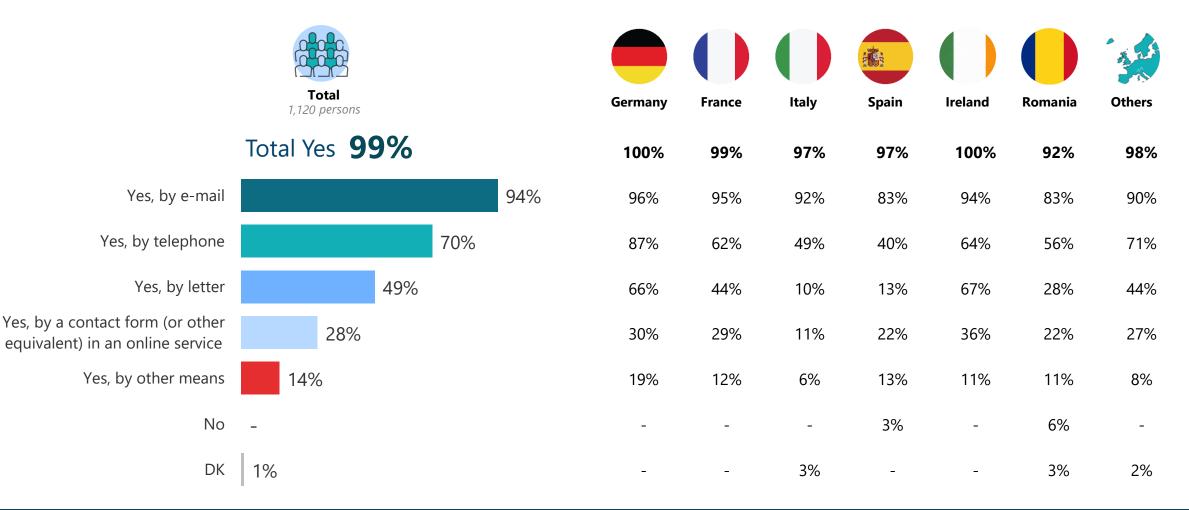
# Feeling of being supported by the line manager

Q. As a DPO, do you always feel supported by your line "manager"?



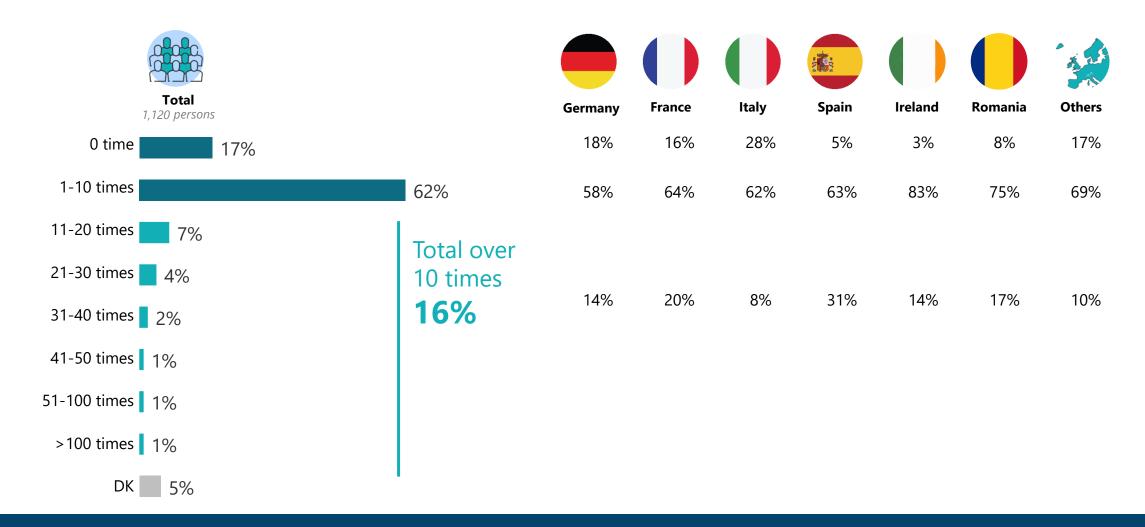
# Contact made by data subjects regarding their personal data

Q. Can data subjects, including employees of the organization, contact you as a DPO in matters related to the processing of their personal data or the exercise of their rights? (Art. 38(4) GDPR)



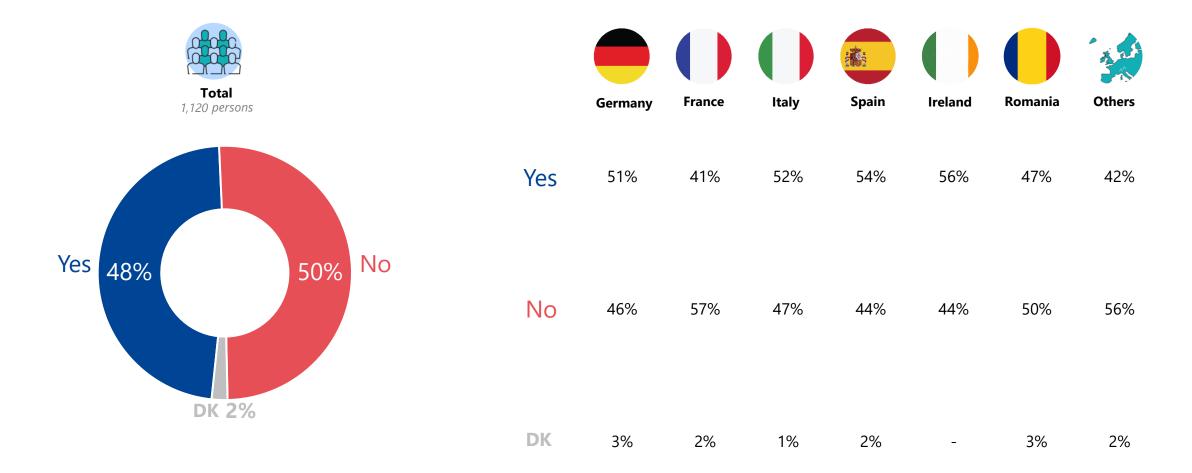
# **Consultation frequency**

Q. On average, how often are you contacted- as a DPO - by the data subjects in a month? (Art. 38(4) GDPR)



# Willingness to contact the Data Protection Authority in case the independence as DPO is not respected

Q. Would you consider contacting your Data Protection Authority if the controller does not respect your independence as DPO?

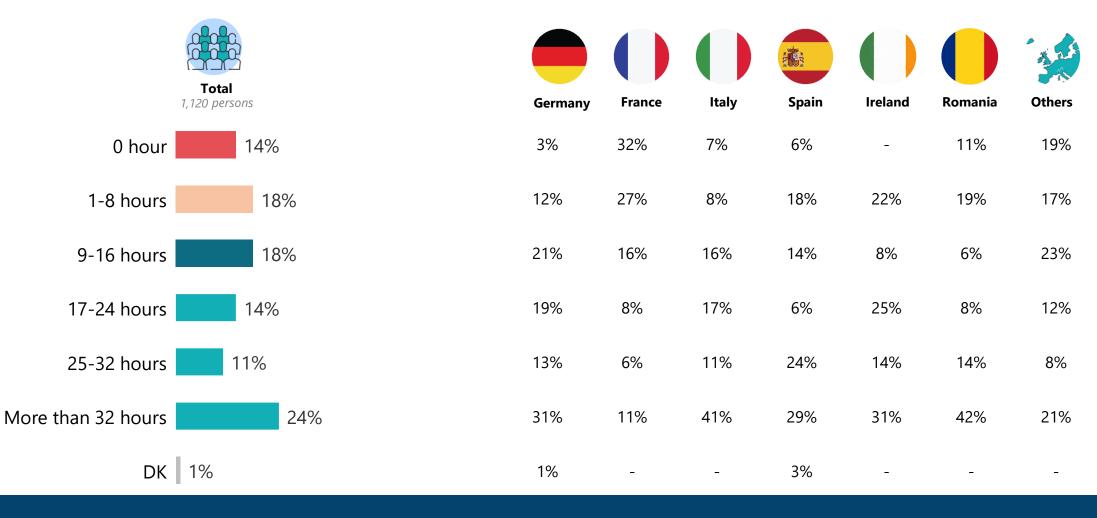




### **Professional Development and Job Satisfaction**

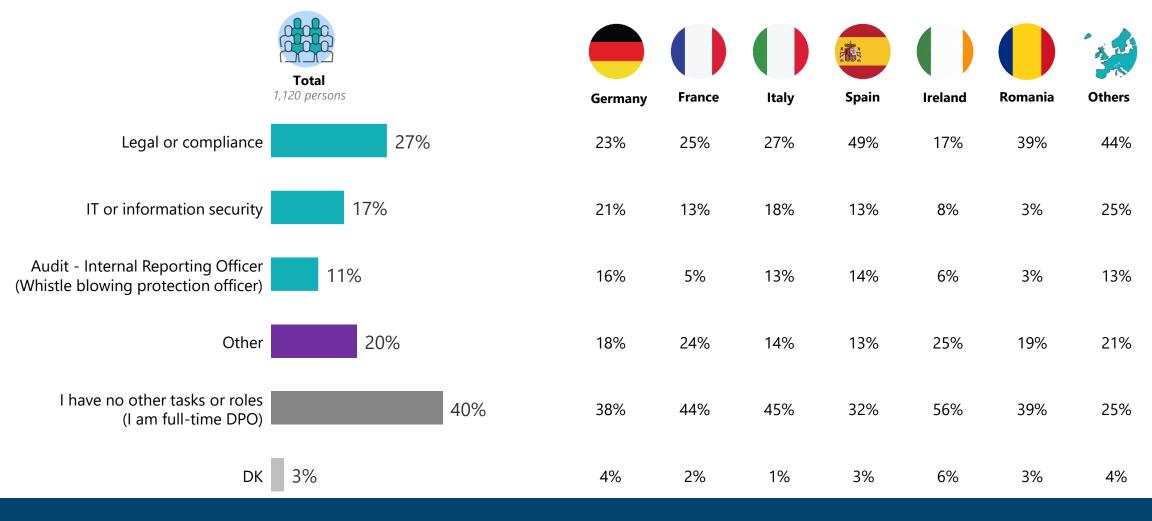
#### Volume of training within the last year

Q. During the previous 12 months, how many hours of training did you, as DPO, undertake to develop and/or maintain your professional competencies and expert knowledge on data protection law and practices? (Art. 38(2) GDPR)



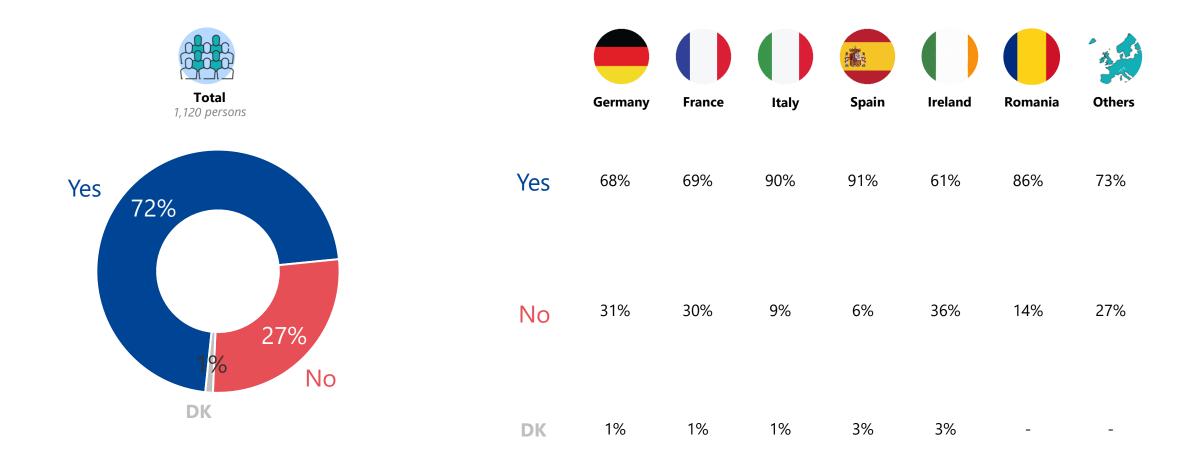
#### **Additional roles and responsibilities**

Q. If you have other responsibilities or roles in addition to the tasks of the DPO, what are these tasks or roles? (Art. 38(2) and 38(6) GDPR)



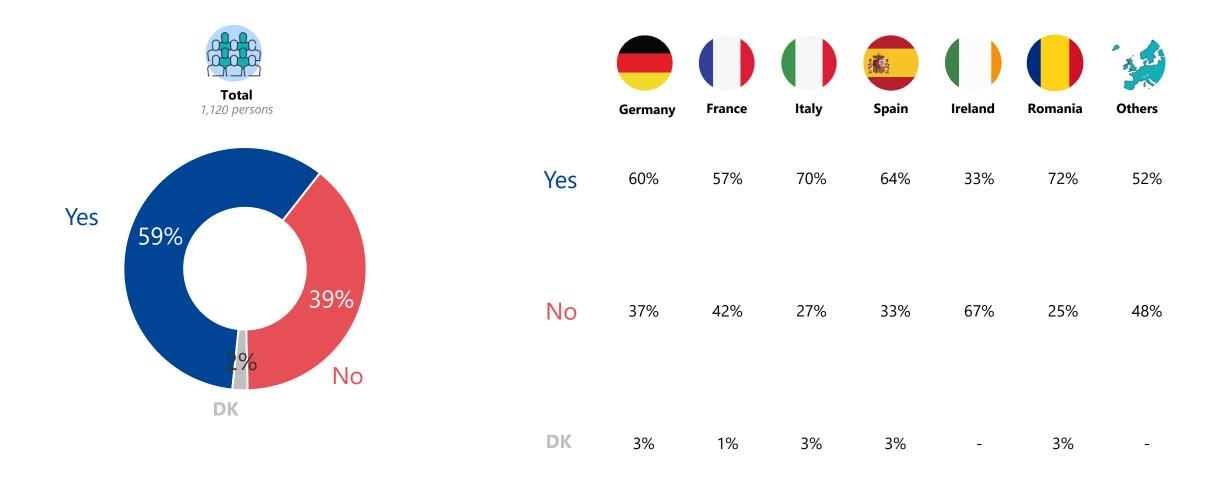
# Role of the DPO in the implementation of new legislation on data

Q. Do you think that the internal implementation of new legislation on data (Data Act, Data Governance Act, Al Act, etc.) should be overseen by the DPO?



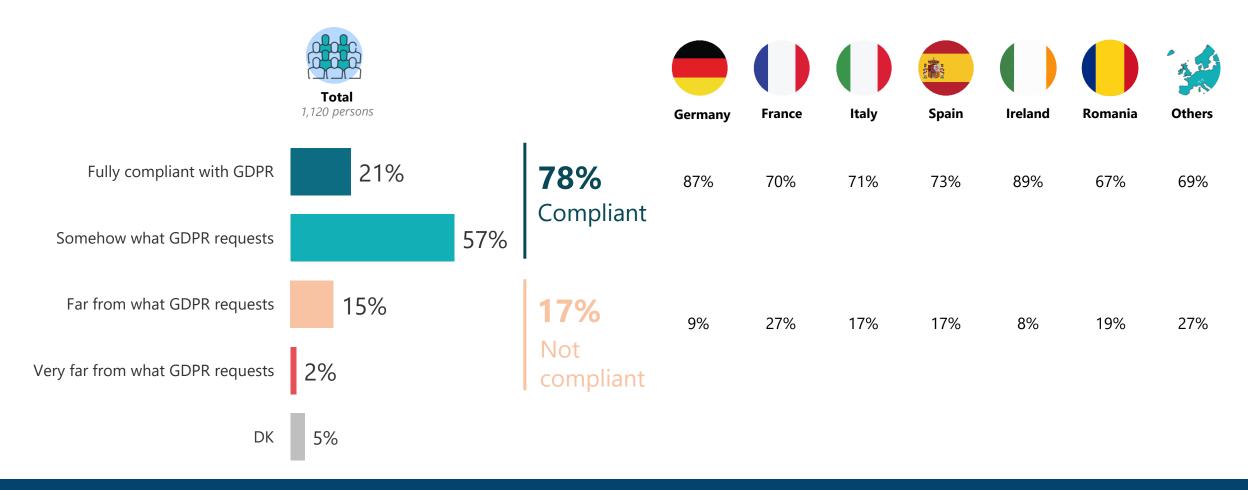
#### **DPO** as **DGO**

Q. Should the DPO evolve to a DGO (data governance officer) role? (i.e. the DPO becomes the point of reference for the application of regulations on both personal and non-personal data)



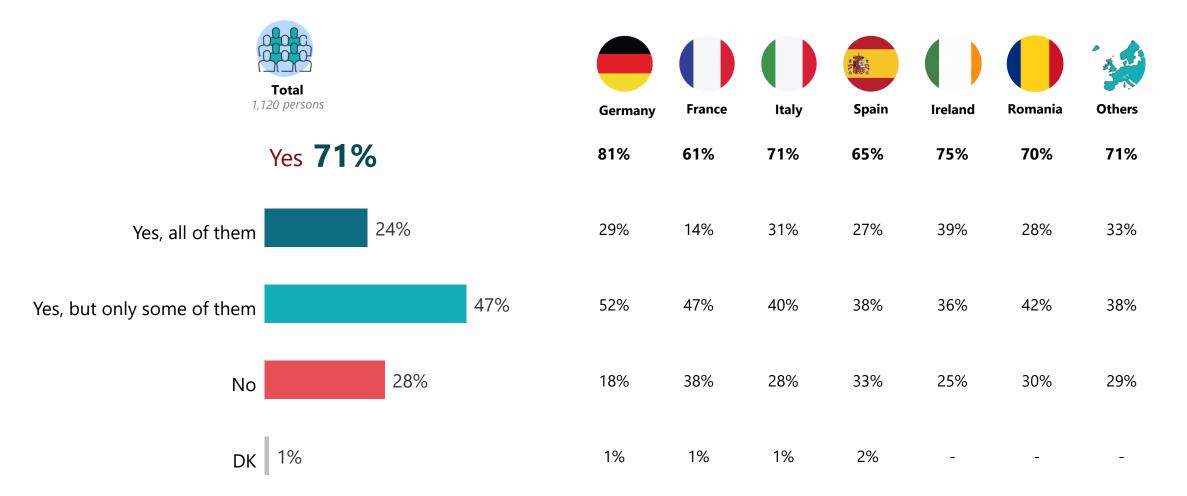
#### **Compliance of DPO Working Conditions with GDPR**

Q. As an internal DPO and regarding your global working conditions (independence, position, support, resource, etc.), how do you rate your working conditions (If you are an internal DPO appointed for several data controllers, please answer for your "main" one)?



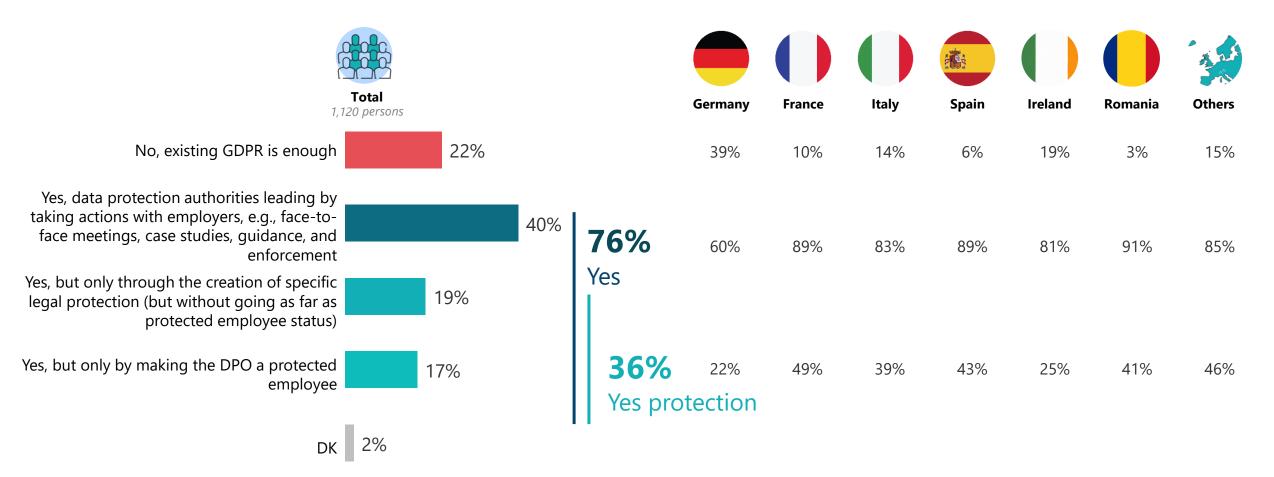
#### Involvement in the implementation of new legislation on data

**Q.** As a DPO, are you involved in preparing your organization for the application of these new regulations?



#### Need of a better "support or protection" from the Data Protection Authority

Q. On top of the existing GDPR's requirements regarding the DPO's global working conditions (independence, position, support, resource, etc.), do you think DPO's need more (or better) "support or protection" from their Data Protection Authority?



#### Actions that should be considered by the DPA

#### Q. Among the following actions that could be considered by your data protection authority, which are the first five that would improve your working conditions as an internal DPO ? Several possible answer

The data protection authority promptly sends a formal letter to all data controllers who have designated a data protection officer (DPO), 45% addressing and clarifying the specific requirements ... During each inspection carried out by the data protection authority on data controllers, the conditions under which their internal DPO 32% exercises her/his duties are systematically checked The EDPB's Guidelines on Data Protection Officers (wp243rev.01) need to be updated and enhanced, mainly to emphasize the DPO's 29% working conditions and the rules a data controller has to ... The data protection authority imposes a public penalty against a data controller for non-compliance with the GDPR regarding the 28% conditions under which their internal DPO fulfils her/his duties When notified of an appointment of a DPO, the authority carries out a number of checks on the DPO's working conditions (knowledge, 24% resource, autonomy, etc.) Within its DPO designation on-line service (or form), the data protection authority requests more information regarding the DPO's working 24% condition The data protection authority publicizes/encourages as good practice the signing by the data controller and the DPO of a "DPO Charter of 22% Ethics (if such a document exists) The data protection authority carries out on-site specific snap inspections on data controllers to ensure that they fully comply with all the 22% requirements of the GDPR concerning the ... The data protection authority initiates an investigation when there are frequent changes in the appointment of a DPO for the same data 22% controller, examining whether such changes are within ... The data protection authority creates an online service (or form) to notify of the end of the DPO's employment (with details regarding the 22% context, including when the DPO is dismissed) The data protection authority pays close attention to complaints from DPOs about their working conditions and is committed to improving 21% them The data protection authority promotes the use of whistleblowing opportunities by DPOs to report any instances of non-compliance with 18% the conditions under which their internal DPO exercises ... In its annual report, the data protection authority consistently highlights the working conditions of DPO's to the relevant stakeholders 15% including data controllers, DPO's hierarchy As best practice, the data protection authority advises data controllers to notify the employee representative about the appointment of their 15% DPO. This allows the representative to assess ... 7% Other/DK None of the above 8%

#### Actions that should be considered by the Data Protection Authority

Q. Among the following actions that could be considered by your data protection authority, which are the first five that would improve your working conditions as an internal DPO ?

1/2								A RA
	<b>Total</b> 1,120 persons	Germany	France	Italy	Spain	Ireland	Romania	Others
The data protection authority promptly sends a formal letter to all data controllers who have designated a data protection officer (DPO), addressing and clarifying the specific requirements	450/	34%	58%	42%	43%	61%	22%	67%
During each inspection carried out by the data protection authority on data controllers, the conditions under which their internal DPO exercises her/his duties are systematically checked	32%	24%	44%	30%	35%	25%	8%	42%
The EDPB's Guidelines on Data Protection Officers (wp243rev.01) need to be updated and enhanced, mainly to emphasize the DPO's working conditions and the rules a data controller has to	29%	30%	25%	38%	30%	47%	36%	29%
The data protection authority imposes a public penalty against a data controller for non-compliance with the GDPR regarding the conditions under which their internal DPO fulfils her/his duties	28%	21%	35%	37%	35%	25%	22%	40%
When notified of an appointment of a DPO, the authority carries out a number of checks on the DPO's working conditions (knowledge, resource, autonomy, etc.)	24%	18%	31%	27%	33%	19%	14%	19%
Within its DPO designation on-line service (or form), the data protection authority requests more information regarding the DPO's working condition	24%	12%	37%	31%	14%	17%	19%	35%
The data protection authority publicizes/encourages as good practice the signing by the data controller and the DPO of a "DPO Charter of Ethics (if such a document exists)	22%	16%	28%	20%	22%	31%	19%	31%
The data protection authority carries out on-site specific snap inspections on data controllers to ensure that they fully comply with all the requirements of the GDPR concerning the	22%	17%	29%	17%	22%	31%	14%	17%

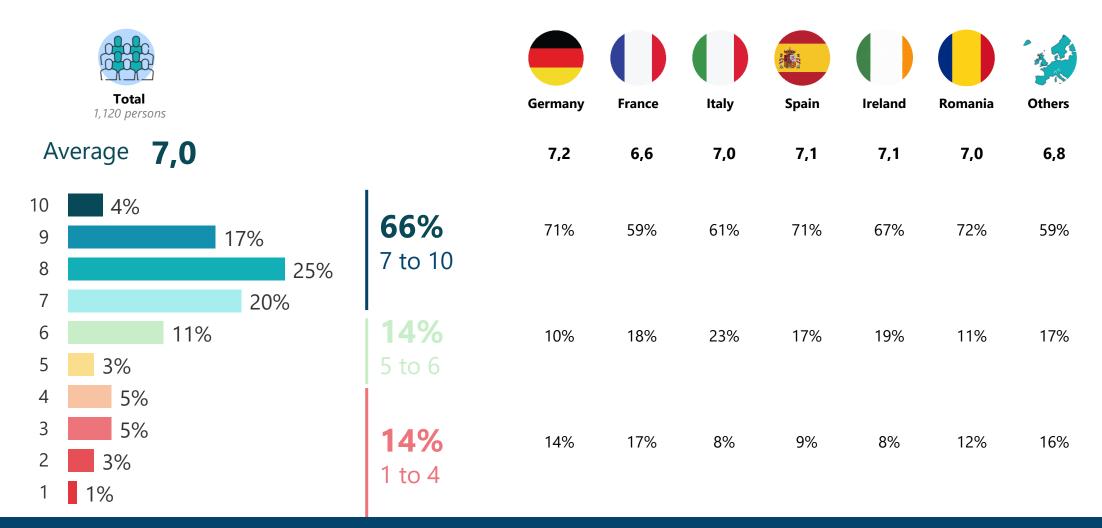
#### Actions that should be considered by the Data Protection Authority

Q. Among the following actions that could be considered by your data protection authority, which are the first five that would improve your working conditions as an internal DPO ?

2/2	Total							
		Germany	France	Italy	Spain	Ireland	Romania	Others
The data protection authority initiates an investigation when there are frequent changes in the appointment of a DPO for the same data controller, examining whether such changes are within	22%	15%	27%	21%	24%	44%	17%	25%
The data protection authority creates an online service (or form) to notify of the end of the DPO's employment (with details regarding the context, including when the DPO is dismissed)	22%	24%	23%	20%	11%	14%	14%	15%
The data protection authority pays close attention to complaints from DPOs about their working conditions and is committed to improving them	21%	20%	23%	17%	25%	31%	14%	13%
The data protection authority promotes the use of whistleblowing opportunities by DPOs to report any instances of non-compliance with the conditions under which their internal DPO exercises	18%	18%	18%	11%	14%	28%	25%	21%
In its annual report, the data protection authority consistently highlights the working conditions of DPO's to the relevant stakeholders including data controllers, DPO's hierarchy	15%	12%	17%	15%	22%	33%	11%	19%
As best practice, the data protection authority advises data controllers to notify the employee representative about the appointment of their DPO. This allows the representative to assess	15%	9%	20%	21%	19%	14%	28%	13%
Other/DK	7%	8%	4%	15%	13%	3%	17%	2%
None of the above	8%	13%	3%	6%	5%	-	14%	8%

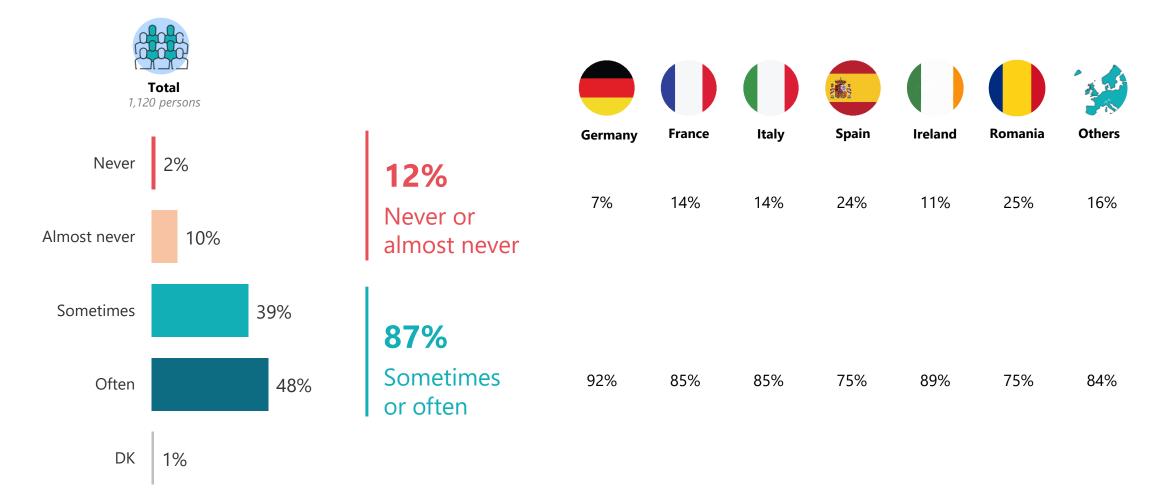
#### **Overall job satisfaction as a DPO**

Q. On a scale of 1 to 10, how would you rate your overall job satisfaction as a DPO?



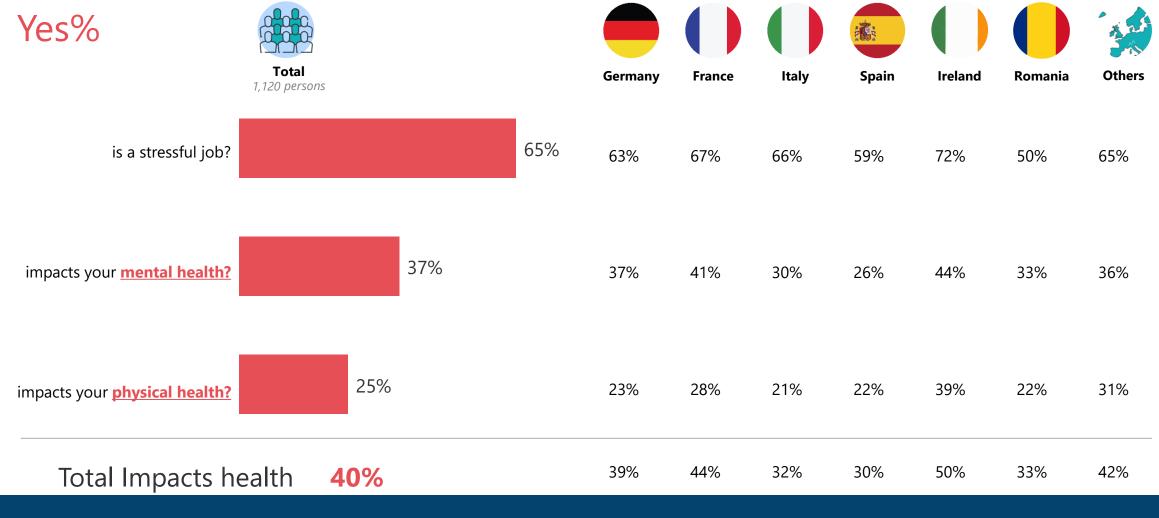
### **Opportunities for professional development and networking**

**Q.** How often do you have opportunities for professional development and networking within the field of data protection?



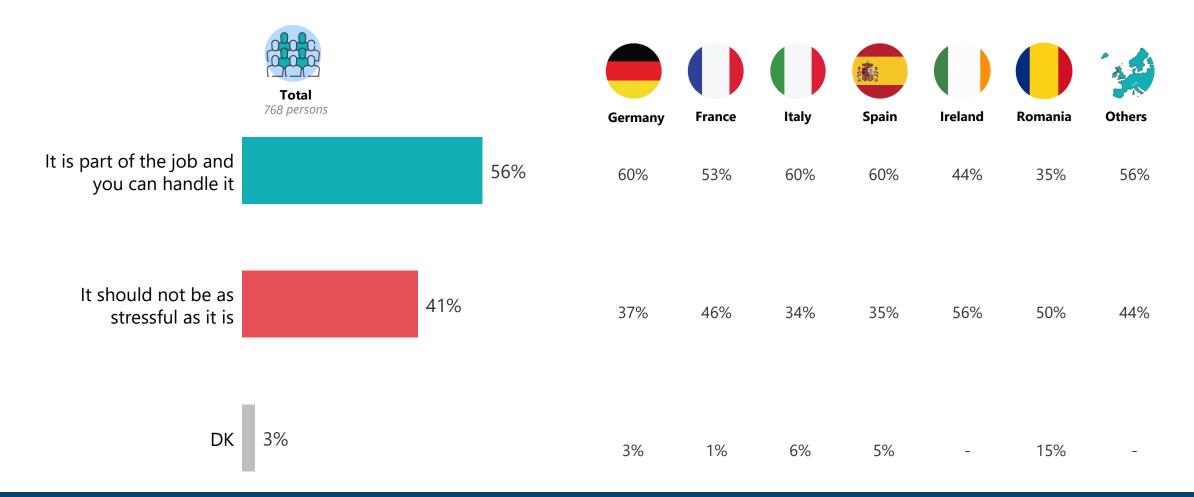
#### **Negative impacts of DPO's position**

#### **Q.** Do you consider that the DPO's role ...?



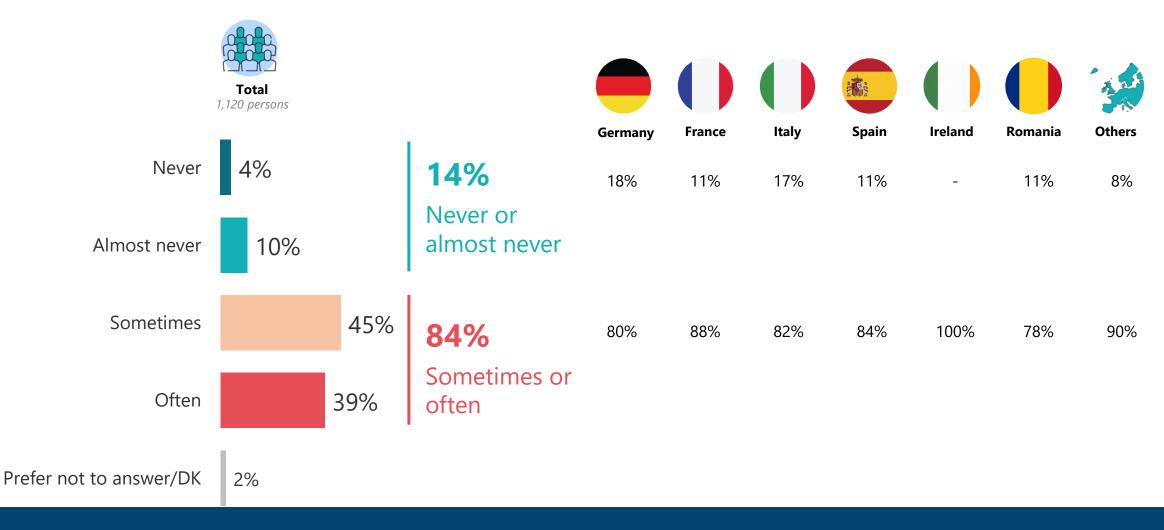
#### Perception of the stressful nature of DPO position

**Q.** If you consider that the DPO's role is a stressful job or impacts your mental or physical health, do you think that...? *Question asked to those who consider that DPO's role impacts health or is stressful, 69% of the overall sample* 



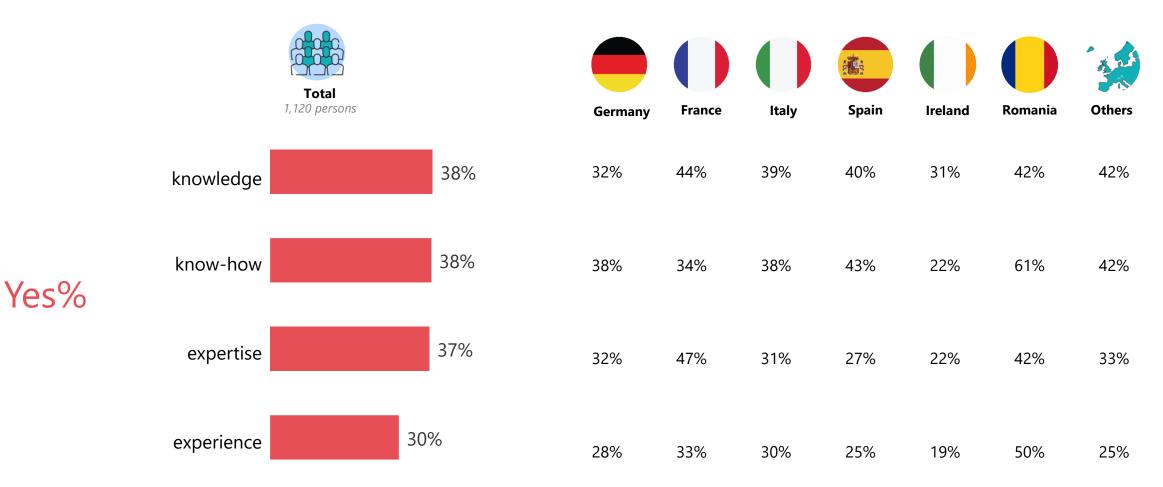
#### Perception of the necessity of continually having to be up-todate with data protection laws

Q. Is it challenging for you to continually adapt your thinking and keep up-to-date with data protection laws, guidance and case law?



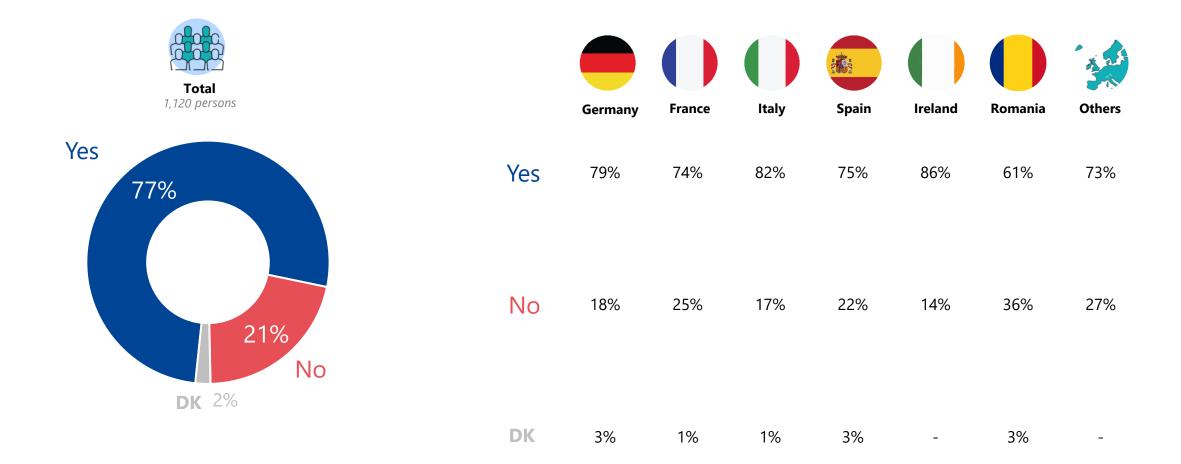
#### Feeling of missing skills to fulfill one's mission

Q. Do you feel a lack of...?



#### **Reporting conditions**

Q. As a DPO, do you believe that you are reporting into the correct department or people to facilitate your role?



#### Feeling of being supported by the line manager

Q. As a DPO, do you always feel supported by your line "manager"?

